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=> d his
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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 12:23:26 ON 03 JUN 2002)
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:24:19 ON 03 JUN 2002
             1 S 9004-54-0 ← CM D
L1
         921 S 9004-54-0/CRN = all mixtures (registered) comprising
1 S 79-14-1 = Ho-CH2-2-0H
1936 S 79-14-1/CRN = mixtures containing

70 S L2 AND L4
509625 S OC5/ES = any pyran
L2
L3
L5
L7
         216531 S PETH/PCT any Polymen of a poly ether
2775 S L6 AND L8
1216 S L9 AND "2-ETHANEDIYL" Cpds of -CHz-CHz-O- frag
L8
L9
L10
L11
L12
              27 S L2 AND L8
L13
               0 S L9 AND L2
L14
               2 S L4 AND L12
L15
               1 S 195214-71-2
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:34:33 ON 03 JUN 2002
L16
            435 S L5
L17
          470851 S GLUCOSE OR GALACTOSE OR HEXOSE OR ?SACCHARIDE
              14 S L16(L)L17
          304673 S POLYETHYLEN? OR PEG OR ?ETHANEDIYL?
L20
          13059 S LINKER
L21
             262 S L19(L)L20
L22
               0 S L21 AND L18
L23
               1 S L18 AND L19
L24
              1 S L18 AND L20
L25
              2 S L23-24
              98 S L16 AND L17
L27
              10 S L26 AND L19
L28
              3 S L26 AND L20
L29
              13 S L26 AND L27-28
L30
              10 S L29 NOT L28
L31
           7249 S L17(L)?CONJUGAT?
L32
              29 S L31 AND L16
L33
               3 S L32 AND (L19 OR L20)
           1042 S ?CARBOXYMETHYL (2W) DEXTRAN? OR CMD
L35
            1099 S ?CARBOXYMETHYL? (2W) ?DEXTRAN? OR CMD
              57 S L35 NOT L34
L36
L37
              71 S L34(L)CONJUGAT?
L38
              18 S L31 AND L37
L39
              3 S L28 AND L19-20
L40
              18 S L38 NOT L39
L41
              22 S L39-40 OR L33 OR L28 OR L25
                 SELECT RN L41 1-22
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:55:07 ON 03 JUN 2002
L42
             200 S E1-200
L43
             46 S E201-246
L44
             246 S L42-43
L45
             28 S L44 AND L1-15
L46
             218 S L44 NOT L45
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:58:28 ON 03 JUN 2002
L47
              22 S L41 AND L44
                                       22 est ations
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#### => d ibib abs hitstr 1-22

L47 ANSWER 1 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:148739 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:205403

TITLE: DDS compounds of drugs having hydroxy groups

Ousu, Satoru; Oki, Hitoshi; Naito, Hiroyuki; Hirotani, INVENTOR(S):

Kenji

Daiichi Seiyaku Co., Ltd., Japan PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 24 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE \_\_\_\_\_ -----JP 2002060351 A2 20020226 JP 2001-80188 20010321 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2000-79655 20000322 Α

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 136:205403

AΒ The DDS (drug delivery system) compds. are represented by the formula AWN(R1)C(R2)(R3)OQ or PZN(R1)C(R2)(R3)OQ [A = polymeric carrier for drugs; W = spacer contg. amino acid or oligopeptide residue linked to N at the C-terminal; P = protective group for H or NH2; Z = amino acid residue or oligopeptide residue linked to N at the C-terminal; R1-R3 = H, (substituted) alkyl, (substituted) aryl, carboxyl, alkoxycarbonyl; 2 of R1-R3 may form 4- to 8-membered ring; OQ = residue of OH-contq. drugs]. Tert-Bu 13-[[1-[2-amino-6-[4-[(E)-3-[4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]-1-propenyl]-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-3-azetidinyl]oxy]-7benzyl-2,5,8,11-tetraoxo-3,6,9,12-tetraazatri-1-decylcarbamate (prepn. given) showed 89% release of 1-[2-amino-6-[4-[(E)-3-[4-(3,5difluorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]-1-propenyl]-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-3-azetidinol (I) in murine fibrosarcoma Meth-A cell homogenate at 40.degree. and pH 4.5 and <1% release of I in a buffer at pH 4.5. administration of a carboxymethyl dextran polyol deriv. of I (linked through an oligopeptide and aminomethylene linker) at 10 mg/kg as I showed significant antitumor effect and did not cause diarrhea in mice.

#### ΙT 401470-57-3

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); RCT (Reactant); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses) (prepn. of amino acid or peptide derivs. of hydroxy-contg. drugs for DDS)

RN 401470-57-3 HCAPLUS

CN 3-Azetidino1, 1-[2-amino-6-[4-[(1E)-3-[4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1piperazinyl]-1-propenyl]-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

```
39422-83-8DP, Carboxymethyldextran sodium salt, polyols,
IT
     conjugates with peptide spacers and antitumor drugs 401470-32-4P
     401470-34-6DP, conjugates with carboxymethyl dextran polyols
     401470-36-8DP, conjugates with carboxymethyl dextran polyols
     401470-38-ODP, conjugates with carboxymethyl dextran polyols
     401470-40-4DP, conjugates with carboxymethyl dextran polyols
     401470-44-8DP, conjugates with carboxymethyl dextran polyols
     401470-48-2DP, conjugates with carboxymethyl dextran polyols
     401470-52-8DP, conjugates with carboxymethyl dextran polyols
     401470-56-2DP, conjugates with carboxymethyl dextran polyols
    RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use);
     BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (prepn. of amino acid or peptide derivs. of hydroxy-contq. drugs for
        DDS)
ŔŊ
     39422-83-8 HCAPLUS
    Dextran, carboxymethyl ether, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
    CM
          1
    CRN
          9004-54-0
    CMF
          Unspecified
    CCI
         PMS, MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE
    CM
          2
    CRN
         79-14-1
    CMF
         C2 H4 O3
      -СН2-ОН
RN
    401470-32-4 HCAPLUS
CN
    Glycinamide, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]glycylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl-N-
     [[1-[2-amino-6-[4-(1E)-3-[4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]-1-
    propenyl]-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-3-
    azetidinyl]oxy]methyl] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
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RN 401470-34-6 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, L-phenylalanyl-N-[[[1-[2-amino-6-[4-[(1E)-3-[4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]-1-propenyl]-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-3-azetidinyl]oxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-B

RN 401470-36-8 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, glycylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl-N-[[[1-[2-amino-6-[4-[(1E)-3-[4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]-1-propenyl]-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-3-azetidinyl]oxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

RN 401470-38-0 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, glycylglycyl-L-isoleucyl-N-[[[1-[2-amino-6-[4-[(1E)-3-[4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]-1-propenyl]-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-3-azetidinyl]oxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-B

RN 401470-40-4 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, glycylglycyl-L-valyl-N-[[[1-[2-amino-6-[4-[(1E)-3-[4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]-1-propenyl]-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-3-azetidinyl]oxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-B

RN 401470-44-8 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, glycylglycyl-L-methionyl-N-[[[1-[2-amino-6-[4-[(1E)-3-[4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]-1-propenyl]-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-3-azetidinyl]oxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 401470-48-2 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, glycylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl-N-[[[1-[2-amino-6-[4-[(1E)-3-[4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]-1-propenyl]-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-3-azetidinyl]oxy]methyl]-N2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-B

RN 401470-52-8 HCAPLUS

CN L-Isoleucinamide, glycylglycyl-L-prolyl-N-[[[1-[2-amino-6-[4-[(1E)-3-[4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]-1-propenyl]-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-3-azetidinyl]oxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

RN 401470-56-2 HCAPLUS

CN L-Leucinamide, glycylglycyl-L-prolyl-N-[[[1-[2-amino-6-[4-[(1E)-3-[4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]-1-propenyl]-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-3-azetidinyl]oxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 16257-05-9 18621-17-5, 1-Benzhydryl-3-azetidinol

31972-52-8 32991-17-6 35661-40-6

35665-38-4 39621-73-3 71989-28-1

160036-44-2 256930-32-2 333366-34-0

401470-59-5

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(prepn. of amino acid or peptide derivs. of hydroxy-contg. drugs for

DDS)
RN 16257-05-9 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-L-isoleucyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 18621-17-5 HCAPLUS

CN 3-Azetidinol, 1-(diphenylmethyl)- (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 31972-52-8 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]glycyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 32991-17-6 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-L-leucyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 35661-40-6 HCAPLUS

CN L-Phenylalanine, N-[(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

RN 35665-38-4 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbonyl]glycyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 39621-73-3 HCAPLUS

CN L-Phenylalanine, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]glycylglycyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 71989-28-1 HCAPLUS

CN L-Methionine, N-[(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 160036-44-2 HCAPLUS

CN L-Phenylalanine, N-[(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbonyl]glycylglycyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 256930-32-2 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Pyrimidinamine, 4-chloro-6-[4-[(1E)-3-[4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]-1-propenyl]-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 333366-34-0 HCAPLUS

CN L-Proline, N-[(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbonyl]glycylglycyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 401470-59-5 HCAPLUS

CN L-Isoleucine, N-[(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbonyl]glycylglycyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

IT 60667-52-9P 401470-30-2P 401470-31-3P 401470-33-5P 401470-34-6P 401470-35-7P 401470-36-8P 401470-37-9P 401470-38-0P 401470-39-1P 401470-40-4P 401470-41-5P 401470-42-6P 401470-43-7P 401470-44-8P 401470-45-9P 401470-46-0P 401470-47-1P 401470-51-7P 401470-52-8P 401470-53-9P 401470-54-0P 401470-55-1P 401470-56-2P 401470-58-4P 401470-60-8P 401470-61-9P 401470-62-0P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of amino acid or peptide derivs. of hydroxy-contg. drugs for DDS)

RN 60667-52-9 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-N-methylglycyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 401470-30-2 HCAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [2-[[[[1-[2-amino-6-[4-[(1E)-3-[4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]-1-propenyl]-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-3-azetidinyl]oxy]methyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-B

RN 401470-31-3 HCAPLUS

CN Acetamide, N-[[[1-[2-amino-6-[4-[(1E)-3-[4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]-1-propenyl]-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-3-azetidinyl]oxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 401470-33-5 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N-[(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbonyl]-L-phenylalanyl-N-[[[1-[2-amino-6-[4-[(1E)-3-[4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]-1-propenyl]-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-3-azetidinyl]oxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

RN 401470-34-6 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, L-phenylalanyl-N-[[[1-[2-amino-6-[4-[(1E)-3-[4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]-1-propenyl]-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-3-azetidinyl]oxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

F NH2

NH2

NH2

NH2

NH2

RN 401470-35-7 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N-[(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbonyl]glycylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl-N-[[[1-[2-amino-6-[4-[(1E)-3-[4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]-1-propenyl]-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-3-azetidinyl]oxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

RN 401470-36-8 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, glycylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl-N-[[[1-[2-amino-6-[4-[(1E)-3-[4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]-1-propenyl]-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-3-azetidinyl]oxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

RN 401470-37-9 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N-[(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbonyl]glycylglycyl-L-isoleucyl-N-[[[1-[2-amino-6-[4-[(1E)-3-[4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]-1-propenyl]-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-3-azetidinyl]oxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A

RN 401470-38-0 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, glycylglycyl-L-isoleucyl-N-[[[1-[2-amino-6-[4-[(1E)-3-[4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]-1-propenyl]-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-3-azetidinyl]oxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-B

RN 401470-39-1 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N-[(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbonyl]glycylglycyl-L-valyl-N[[[1-[2-amino-6-[4-[(1E)-3-[4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]-1propenyl]-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-3azetidinyl]oxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

RN 401470-40-4 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, glycylglycyl-L-valyl-N-[[[1-[2-amino-6-[4-[(1E)-3-[4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]-1-propenyl]-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-3-azetidinyl]oxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 401470-41-5 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N-[(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbonyl]-L-methionyl-N-[[[1-[2-amino-6-[4-[(1E)-3-[4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]-1-propenyl]-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-3-azetidinyl]oxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 1-A

RN 401470-42-6 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, L-methionyl-N-[[[1-[2-amino-6-[4-[(1E)-3-[4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]-1-propenyl]-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-3-azetidinyl]oxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

RN 401470-43-7 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N-[(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbonyl]glycylglycyl-L-methionyl-N-[[[1-[2-amino-6-[4-[(1E)-3-[4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]-1-propenyl]-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-3-azetidinyl]oxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A

RN 401470-44-8 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, glycylglycyl-L-methionyl-N-[[[1-[2-amino-6-[4-[(1E)-3-[4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]-1-propenyl]-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-3-azetidinyl]oxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-B

RN 401470-45-9 HCAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [2-[[[[1-[2-amino-6-[4-[(1E)-3-[4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]-1-propenyl]-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-3-azetidinyl]oxy]methyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]methyl-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-B

RN 401470-46-0 HCAPLUS

CN Acetamide, N-[[[1-[2-amino-6-[4-[(1E)-3-[4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]-1-propenyl]-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-3-azetidinyl]oxy]methyl]-2-(methylamino)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-B

RN 401470-47-1 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N-[(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbonyl]glycylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl-N-[[[1-[2-amino-6-[4-[(1E)-3-[4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]-1-propenyl]-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-3-

azetidinyl]oxy]methyl]-N2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

RN 401470-48-2 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, glycylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl-N-[[[1-[2-amino-6-[4-[(1E)-3-[4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]-1-propenyl]-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-3-azetidinyl]oxy]methyl]-N2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 401470-49-3 HCAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [(1S,2S)-1-[[[[[1-[2-amino-6-[4-[(1E)-3-[4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]-1-propenyl]-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-3-azetidinyl]oxy]methyl]amino]carbonyl]-2-methylbutyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-B

RN 401470-50-6 HCAPLUS

CN Pentanamide, 2-amino-N-[[[1-[2-amino-6-[4-[(1E)-3-[4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]-1-propenyl]-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-3-azetidinyl]oxy]methyl]-3-methyl-, (2S,3S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 401470-51-7 HCAPLUS

CN L-Isoleucinamide, N-[(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbonyl]glycylglycyl-L-prolyl-N-[[[1-[2-amino-6-[4-[(1E)-3-[4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]-1-propenyl]-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-3-azetidinyl]oxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 2-B

RN 401470-52-8 HCAPLUS

CN L-Isoleucinamide, glycylglycyl-L-prolyl-N-[[[1-[2-amino-6-[4-[(1E)-3-[4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]-1-propenyl]-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-3-azetidinyl]oxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-B

RN 401470-53-9 HCAPLUS

CN

Carbamic acid, [(1S)-1-[[[[[1-[2-amino-6-[4-[(1E)-3-[4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]-1-propenyl]-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-3-azetidinyl]oxy]methyl]amino]carbonyl]-3-methylbutyl]-,

1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-B

RN 401470-54-0 HCAPLUS

CN Pentanamide, 2-amino-N-[[[1-[2-amino-6-[4-[(1E)-3-[4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]-1-propenyl]-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-3-azetidinyl]oxy]methyl]-4-methyl-, (2S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 401470-55-1 HCAPLUS

CN L-Leucinamide, N-[(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbonyl]glycylglycyl-L-prolyl-N[[[1-[2-amino-6-[4-[(1E)-3-[4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]-1propenyl]-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-3azetidinyl]oxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

RN 401470-56-2 HCAPLUS

CN L-Leucinamide, glycylglycyl-L-prolyl-N-[[[1-[2-amino-6-[4-[(1E)-3-[4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]-1-propenyl]-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-3-azetidinyl]oxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-B

RN 401470-58-4 HCAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [2-[[[[1-(diphenylmethyl)-3-azetidinyl]oxy]methyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 401470-60-8 HCAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [2-[[[[1-(diphenylmethyl)-3-azetidinyl]oxy]methyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]methyl-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 401470-61-9 HCAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [(1S,2S)-1-[[[[[1-(diphenylmethyl)-3-azetidinyl]oxy]methyl]amino]carbonyl]-2-methylbutyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

401470-62-0 HCAPLUS RN

Carbamic acid, [(1S)-1-[[[[1-(diphenylmethyl)-3-CN azetidinyl]oxy]methyl]amino]carbonyl]-3-methylbutyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS L47 ANSWER 2 OF 22

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:669315 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:18928

New antibody purification procedure using a thermally TITLE:

responsive poly(N-isopropylacrylamide)-dextran

derivative conjugate

Anastase-Ravion, S.; Ding, Z.; Pelle, A.; Hoffman, A. AUTHOR(S):

S.; Letourneur, D.

INVIMAT, Universite Paris 13, Villetaneuse, 93430, Fr. CORPORATE SOURCE:

Journal of Chromatography, B: Biomedical Sciences and SOURCE:

Applications (2001), 761(2), 247-254

CODEN: JCBBEP; ISSN: 0378-4347

Elsevier Science B.V. PUBLISHER:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

Through their specificity and affinity, antibodies are useful tools in AB research and medicine. In this study, we investigated a new type of chromatog. method using a thermosensitive polymer for the purifn. of antibodies against a dextran deriv. (DD), as a model. The thermally reversible sol.-insol. poly(N-isopropylacrylamide)-dextran deriv. conjugate, named poly(NIPAAm)-DD, has been synthesized by conjugating amino-terminated poly(N-isopropylacrylamide) to a DD via ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-carbodiimide. On one hand, this report describes the two steps of poly(NIPAAm)-DD conjugation and characterization. On the other hand, the poly(NIPAAm)-DD conjugate was used as a tool to purify polyclonal antibodies in serum samples from rabbits s.c. immunized with the derivatized dextran. Antibodies were purified and quantified by immunoenzymic assays. Our results indicate that antibodies recognized both DD and poly(NIPAAm)-DD. In contrast, they did not bind to native poly(NIPAAm) or poly(NIPAAm) conjugated with another anionic dextran. We conclude that the

conjugation of a polysaccharide to poly(NIPAAm) leads to an original and efficient chromatog. method to purify antibodies. Moreover, this novel method of purifn. is rapid, sensitive, inexpensive and could be used to purify various types of antibodies. 25189-55-3, Poly(N-isopropylacrylamide) IT RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (new antibody purifn. procedure using a thermally responsive poly(N-isopropylacrylamide)-dextran deriv. conjugate) 25189-55-3 HCAPLUS RN2-Propenamide, N-(1-methylethyl)-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN CM CRN 2210-25-5 CMF C6 H11 N O i-PrNH\_C\_CH\_\_CH2 156-57-0, 2-Aminoethanethiol hydrochloride 66205-07-0, ΙT 2,2'-Azobisbutyronitrile RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (new antibody purifn. procedure using a thermally responsive poly(N-isopropylacrylamide)-dextran deriv. conjugate) 156-57-0 HCAPLUS RN Ethanethiol, 2-amino-, hydrochloride (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN H2N-CH2-CH2-SH ● HCl 66205-07-0 HCAPLUS RN Butanenitrile, 2,2'-azobis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN NC-CH-Et 9044-05-7DP, Carboxymethyl dextran, poly(N-isopropylacrylamide) conjugates 25189-55-3DP, Poly(N-isopropylacrylamide), carboxymethyl dextran conjugates RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (new antibody purifn. procedure using a thermally responsive poly(N-isopropylacrylamide)-dextran deriv. conjugate) 9044-05-7 HCAPLUS RNCN Dextran, carboxymethyl ether (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1

CRN 9004-54-0 CMF Unspecified CCI PMS, MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

CM 2

CRN 79-14-1 CMF C2 H4 O3

о || но\_с\_сн2\_он

RN 25189-55-3 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenamide, N-(1-methylethyl)-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 2210-25-5 CMF C6 H11 N O

0 i-PrNH\_C\_CH\_\_CH2

REFERENCE COUNT: 26 THERE ARE 26 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L47 ANSWER 3 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:322648 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:185307

TITLE: Characteristics of tissue distribution of various

polysaccharides as drug carriers: influences of

molecular weight and anionic charge on tumor targeting

AUTHOR(S): Sugahara, Shuichi; Okuno, Satoshi; Yano, Toshiro;

Hamana, Hiroshi; Inoue, Kazuhiro

CORPORATE SOURCE: Drug Delivery System Institute, Ltd., Chiba, 278-0022,

Japan

SOURCE: Biological & Pharmaceutical Bulletin (2001), 24(5),

535-543

CODEN: BPBLEO; ISSN: 0918-6158 Pharmaceutical Society of Japan

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

PUBLISHER:

AB Using the Walker 256 model for carcinosarcoma-bearing rats, we i.v. administered 5 polysaccharide carriers with various mol. wts. (MWs) and elec. charges and tested for their plasma and tissue distribution. Two carriers, carboxymethylated-D-manno-D-glucan (CMMG) and CMdextran (CMDex), showed higher plasma AUC than the other carriers tested, namely, CMchitin (CMCh), N-desulfated N-acetylated heparin (DSH), and hyaluronic acid (HA). This was consistently found to be true over the range of MWs tested. For CMDex, the max. value of plasma AUC was obtained when the MW exceeded 150 kDa. As for the anionic charge, CMDex (110-180 kDa) with a degree of substitution (DS) of the CM groups ranging from 0.2 to 0.6, showed max. plasma AUC values. Twenty-four hours after administration, the concn. of CMDex (180-250 kDa; DS: 0.6-1.2) in tumors

was more than 3% of dose/g-approx. 10-fold higher than those obsd. with CMCh, DSH and HA. Doxorubicin (DXR) was bound to these carriers via a peptide spacer, GlyGlyPheGly (GGFG), to give carrier-GGFG-DXR conjugates (DXR content: 4.2-7.0 (wt./wt.)%), and the antitumor effects of these conjugates were tested with Walker 256 carcinosarcoma-bearing rats by monitoring the tumor wts. after a single i.v. injection. Compared with free DXR, CMDex-GGFG-DXR and CMMG-GGFG-DXR conjugates significantly suppressed tumor growth, while the CMCh-GGFG-DXR, DSH-GGFG-DXR, and HA-GGFG-DXR conjugates in a similar comparison showed weak tumor growth inhibition. These findings suggest that the antitumor effect of the carrier-DXR conjugates was related to the extent with which the carriers accumulated in the tumors.

IT 9067-32-7DP, Hyaluronic acid sodium salt, conjugates
with doxorubicin and peptide 23214-92-8DP, Doxorubicin,
conjugates with peptide and polysaccharides 39422-83-8DP
, Carboxymethyl dextran sodium salt,
conjugates with doxorubicin and peptide 65667-26-7DP,
conjugates with doxorubicin and peptide 105156-94-3DP,
Carboxymethyl chitin sodium salt, conjugates with doxorubicin
and peptide 200427-88-9DP, conjugates with doxorubicin
and polysaccharides 355129-33-8DP, conjugates with
doxorubicin and peptide
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic

process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(effects of mol. wt. and anionic charge of  ${\bf polysaccharide}$  drug carriers on tumor targeting)

RN 9067-32-7 HCAPLUS

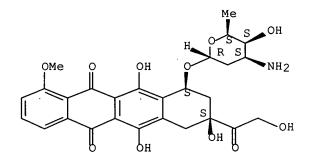
CN Hyaluronic acid, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

RN 23214-92-8 HCAPLUS

CN 5,12-Naphthacenedione, 10-[(3-amino-2,3,6-trideoxy-.alpha.-L-lyxo-hexopyranosyl)oxy]-7,8,9,10-tetrahydro-6,8,11-trihydroxy-8-(hydroxyacetyl)-1-methoxy-, (8S,10S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 39422-83-8 HCAPLUS

CN Dextran, carboxymethyl ether, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 9004-54-0 CMF Unspecified CCI PMS, MAN

#### \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

CM 2

CRN 79-14-1 CMF C2 H4 O3

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RN 65667-26-7 HCAPLUS

CN Heparamine, N-acetyl, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

RN 105156-94-3 HCAPLUS

CN Chitin, carboxymethyl ether, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 1398-61-4

CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

### \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

CM 2

CRN 79-14-1

CMF C2 H4 O3

RN 200427-88-9 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, glycylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 355129-33-8 HCAPLUS

CN D-Gluco-D-mannan, carboxymethyl ether, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 11078-31-2

CMF Unspecified

CCI PMS, MAN

CCI MAN

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*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE
     CM
    CRN 79-14-1
     CMF C2 H4 O3
 но_С_сн2_он
ΙT
    9067-32-7P, Hyaluronic acid sodium salt 39422-83-8P,
    Carboxymethyl dextran sodium salt 65667-26-7P
     105156-94-3P, Carboxymethyl chitin sodium salt
    355129-33-8P
    RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
        (effects of mol. wt. and anionic charge of polysaccharide drug carriers
        on tumor targeting)
RN
     9067-32-7 HCAPLUS
    Hyaluronic acid, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE
RN
    39422-83-8 HCAPLUS
CN
    Dextran, carboxymethyl ether, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
    CM
         1
    CRN 9004-54-0
    CMF
         Unspecified
    CCI
         PMS, MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE
    CM
         2
    CRN 79-14-1
    CMF C2 H4 O3
 но_с_сн2_он
     65667-26-7 HCAPLUS
RN
    Heparamine, N-acetyl, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE
     105156-94-3 HCAPLUS
RN
    Chitin, carboxymethyl ether, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
     CM
          1
     CRN 1398-61-4
         Unspecified
     CMF
```

#### \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

CM 2

CRN 79-14-1 CMF C2 H4 O3

о но\_С\_сн<sub>2</sub>\_он

RN 355129-33-8 HCAPLUS

CN D-Gluco-D-mannan, carboxymethyl ether, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 11078-31-2 CMF Unspecified CCI PMS, MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

CM 2

CRN 79-14-1 CMF C2 H4 O3

о || но\_С\_Сн2\_Он

REFERENCE COUNT: 43 THERE ARE 43 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L47 ANSWER 4 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:228007 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

133:109911

TITLE:

Ionic Polysaccharide Hydrogels via the

Passerini and Ugi Multicomponent Condensations:

Synthesis, Behavior and Solid-State NMR

Characterization

AUTHOR(S): De Nooy, Arjan E. J.; Capitani, Donatella; Masci,

Giancarlo; Crescenzi, Vittorio

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, University 'La Sapienza',

Rome, 00185, Italy

SOURCE: Biomacromolecules (2000), 1(2), 259-267

CODEN: BOMAF6; ISSN: 1525-7797

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

Original data are provided demonstrating that the title condensations are simple and versatile methods for the synthesis of hydrogels based on a variety of carboxylated polysaccharides. In this work, the biopolymers considered are sodium hyaluronate and sodium alginate. Nonnatural carboxylated polysaccharides were com. (carboxymethyl)cellulose or were obtained by carboxymethylation or selective oxidn. of primary alc. groups of scleroglucan and dextran. Hydrogels prepd. via the Passerini reaction

were transparent, alkali labile materials whereas the transparency of the Ugi gels depended on the polysaccharide, the crosslinker, and the degree of crosslinking. The Ugi gels were stable for several months at a pH ranging from 1.3 to 11 and up to temps. over 90 .degree.C. The structure of the networks was studied by means of 13C CP-MAS and 15N CP-MAS NMR spectroscopy. A quant. NMR anal. and elemental anal. of the dry gels allowed us to est. the efficiency of the reactions, i.e., the actual degree of crosslinking, which appeared to be about 80% of theor. The influence of added salt and pH on the swelling of several Ugi gels with different degrees of crosslinking was studied in a gual. manner. **462-94-2**, 1,5-Pentanediamine **931-53-3**, Cyclohexyl isocyanide 2769-64-4, Butyl isocyanide 4117-33-3, L-Lysine ethyl ester 9004-32-4 9005-38-3, Sodium alginate 9044-05-7, Carboxymethyl dextran 9067-32-7, Sodium hyaluronate 39464-87-4D, Scleroglucan, oxidized 282730-55-6 RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses) (prepn., behavior and solid-state NMR characterization of ionic polysaccharide hydrogels via the Passerini and Ugi multicomponent condensations) 462-94-2 HCAPLUS 1,5-Pentanediamine (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

H2N- (CH2)5-NH2

ΙT

RN CN

RN 931-53-3 HCAPLUS CN Cyclohexane, isocyano- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 2769-64-4 HCAPLUS
CN Butane, 1-isocyano- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $n-Bu-N \stackrel{+}{=} C^-$ 

RN 4117-33-3 HCAPLUS
CN L-Lysine, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Eto 
$$\frac{S}{NH_2}$$
 (CH2)4  $NH_2$ 

RN 9004-32-4 HCAPLUS CN Cellulose, carboxymethyl ether, sodium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

```
1
    CM
    CRN 9004-34-6
    CMF Unspecified
    CCI PMS, MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE
    CM
         2
    CRN 79-14-1
    CMF C2 H4 O3
     -СН2-ОН
    9005-38-3 HCAPLUS
RN
    Alginic acid, sodium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE
    9044-05-7 HCAPLUS
RN
    Dextran, carboxymethyl ether (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
    CM
         1
    CRN 9004-54-0
    CMF Unspecified
    CCI PMS, MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE
    CM 2
    CRN 79-14-1
    CMF C2 H4 O3
 но_С_Сн2_Он
    9067-32-7 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
    Hyaluronic acid, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE
    39464-87-4 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
    Scleroglucan (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE
    282730-55-6 HCAPLUS
RN
    Scleroglucan, carboxymethyl ether (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
    CM
         1
    CRN 39464-87-4
    CMF Unspecified
    CCI PMS, MAN
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#### \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

CM 2

CRN 79-14-1 CMF C2 H4 O3

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REFERENCE COUNT: 26 THERE ARE 26 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L47 ANSWER 5 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1999:684285 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

131:269259

TITLE:

Affinity-type biosensor with gold surface, linker layer and hydrogel, and method for the

fabrication

INVENTOR(S):

Wischerhoff, Erik; Nicolaus, Thomas

BioTul Bio Instruments G.m.b.H., Germany

SOURCE:

Ger. Offen., 12 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 19817180	A1	19991021	DE 1998-19817180	19980417
DE 19817180	C2	20000427		

The invention concerns an affinity biosensor and its fabrication, that is composed of a gold surface, linker mols. and a bound hydrogel layer; the coverage of the surface is completed via hydrogen bonds and interactions of arom. rings upon sol-gel transformation. The linker mols. are of the general formula ARB; A = gold binding group, e.g. thio, disulfide, selenide, ; R = hydrocarbon chain, contg. at least two isolated phenol groups or heteroatoms; B = hydrogen binding group, e.g. hydroxy, epoxy, amino. Hydrogels are polysaccharide derivs., e.g. carboxymethyldextran. Alternately, the hydrogel is bound via a metal oxide layer to the linker.

IT 60-24-2, Mercaptoethanol 2602-34-8, Silane,

[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]triethoxy- 5593-70-4

6066-82-6, N-Hydroxysuccinimide 7440-57-5, Gold, uses

9044-05-7, Carboxymethyldextran 17173-68-1, Ethanamine,

2,2'-dithiobis-, hydrochloride 25952-53-8, 1,3-Propanediamine,

N'-(ethylcarbonimidoyl)-N, N-dimethyl-, monohydrochloride

RL: DEV (Device component use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical

process); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(affinity-type biosensor with gold surface, linker layer and hydrogel, and method for fabrication)

RN 60-24-2 HCAPLUS

CN Ethanol, 2-mercapto- (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 2602-34-8 HCAPLUS CN Silane, triethoxy[3-(oxiranylmethoxy)propyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 5593-70-4 HCAPLUS
CN 1-Butanol, titanium(4+) salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

H3C-CH2-CH2-CH2-OH

●1/4 Ti(IV)

RN 6066-82-6 HCAPLUS CN 2,5-Pyrrolidinedione, 1-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 7440-57-5 HCAPLUS CN Gold (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Au

RN 9044-05-7 HCAPLUS CN Dextran, carboxymethyl ether (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 9004-54-0 CMF Unspecified CCI PMS, MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

CM 2

CRN 79-14-1 CMF C2 H4 O3

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17173-68-1 HCAPLUS RN

CN Ethanamine, 2,2'-dithiobis-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

H2N-CH2-CH2-S-S-CH2-CH2-NH2

●x HCl

RN 25952-53-8 HCAPLUS

1,3-Propanediamine, N'-(ethylcarbonimidoyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Et-N = C = N - (CH2)3 - NMe2

● HCl

6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT: RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L47 ANSWER 6 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:9887 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

130:71612

TITLE:

Bioresorbable antiadhesion of carboxypolysaccharide

polyether intermacromolecular complexes and methods

for their use in reducing surgical adhesions

INVENTOR(S):

Schwartz, Herbert E.; Blackmore, John M.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Fziomed, Inc., USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 95 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	ENT	NO.		KI	ND	DATE	•		A	PPLI	CATI	и ис	0.	DATE			
WO	WO 9858011			A1 19981223			WO 1998-US10814				14	19980528					
	W:					AZ,										CZ,	DE,
						GB,											
		LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,
		RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	UA,	UG,	UZ,	VN,	AM,
		AZ,	BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM								
	RW:	GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SZ,	UG,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	DE,	DK,	ES,
		FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	ΙΤ,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,
	•	•	•			MR,											
US 5906997 A 19990525 US 1997-877649 199706																	
US 6017301 A 20000125 US 1998-23267 19980213																	
US 6034140 A 20000307 US 1998-23097 19980213																	
ΑU	9876			-	A1 19990104				AU 1998-76985 19980528								
ΕP	EP 1002002			A1 20000524				EP 1998-924928 19980528									
	R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
		ΙE,															
				T2 20020416			JP 1999-504437 19980528										
US 6133325				Α	A 20001017			US 1999-252147 19990218									

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 1997-877649 A 19970617 WO 1998-US10814 W 19980528

The present invention relates to improved methods for making and using AΒ bioadhesive, bioresorbable, antiadhesion compns. made of intermacromol. complexes of carboxyl-contg. polysaccharides and polyethers, and to the resulting compns. The polymers are assocd. with each other, and are then either dried or are used as fluids. Bioresorbable, bioadhesive, antiadhesion compns. are useful in surgery to prevent the formation of post-surgical adhesions. The compns. are designed to breakdown in vivo, and thus be removed from the body. Membranes are inserted during surgery either dry or optionally after conditioning in aq. solns. antiadhesion, bioadhesive, bioresorptive, antithrombogenic and phys. properties of such membranes can be varied as needed by carefully adjusting the pH of the polymer casting solns., polysaccharide compn., the polyether compn., or by conditioning the membranes prior to surgical use. Bi- or multi-layered membranes can be made and used to provide further control over the phys. and biol. properties of antiadhesion membranes. Antiadhesion compns. may also be used to deliver drugs to the surgical site and release them locally.

1398-61-4, Chitin 9000-69-5, Pectin 9004-32-4,
Sodium CMC 9004-42-6, Carboxyethyl cellulose 9004-61-9
, Hyaluronic acid 9005-25-8, Starch, biological studies
9005-32-7, Alginic acid 9005-49-6, Heparin, biological
studies 9005-79-2, Glycogen, biological studies
9007-28-7, Chondroitin sulfate 9044-05-7, Carboxymethyl
dextran 9050-30-0, Heparan sulfate 25322-68-3,
Polyethylene oxide 83512-85-0, Carboxymethyl chitosan
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(bioresorbable adhesives contg. carboxypolysaccharide
-polyether intermacromol. complexes)

RN 1398-61-4 HCAPLUS

CN Chitin (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

RN 9000-69-5 HCAPLUS

CN Pectin (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

RN 9004-32-4 HCAPLUS

CN Cellulose, carboxymethyl ether, sodium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 9004-34-6 CMF Unspecified CCI PMS, MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

CM 2

CRN 79-14-1 CMF C2 H4 O3

. о Но\_С\_СH2\_ОН

RN 9004-42-6 HCAPLUS

```
Cellulose, 2-carboxyethyl ether (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
    CM
         1
    CRN 9004-34-6
    CMF Unspecified
    CCI PMS, MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE
         2
    CM
    CRN 503-66-2
    CMF C3 H6 O3
HO-CH2-CH2-CO2H
    9004-61-9 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
    Hyaluronic acid (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE
   9005-25-8 HCAPLUS
RN
    Starch (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE
RN 9005-32-7 HCAPLUS
CN Alginic acid (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE
RN 9005-49-6 HCAPLUS
   Heparin (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE
RN 9005-79-2 HCAPLUS
CN
    Glycogen (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE
   9007-28-7 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
    Chondroitin, hydrogen sulfate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
    CM
         1
    CRN 9007-27-6
    CMF Unspecified
    CCI PMS, MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE
    CM
         2
    CRN 7664-93-9
    CMF H2 O4 S
```

RN 25322-68-3 HCAPLUS
CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-hydro-.omega.-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 83512-85-0 HCAPLUS

CN Chitosan, N-(carboxymethyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

IT **7664-41-7**, Ammonia, uses

RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)

(membrane conditioning with; bioresorbable adhesives contg.

carboxypolysaccharide-polyether intermacromol. complexes)

RN 7664-41-7 HCAPLUS

CN Ammonia (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

NH3

REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

19970131

L47 ANSWER 7 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:665874 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

130:4084

TITLE:

Preparation of **polysaccharide**-peptide or

amino acid-linked camptothecin conjugates as

antitumor agents

INVENTOR(S):

Tsujihara, Kenji; Kawaguchi, Takayuki; Okuno, Akira;

Yano, Toshiaki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Tanabe Seiyaku Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 44 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE

JP 10273488 A2 19981013 JP 1998-16763 19980129

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: OTHER SOURCE(S):

JP 1997-17280 MARPAT 130:4084

GI

AB The title compds., which are camptothecin derives. [I; R1 =

(un) substituted lower alkyl; X1 = NHR2, OH; wherein R2 = H, lower alkyl; Alk = linear or branched alkylene optionally interrupted by O] linked to carboxy-contq. polysaccharide through a peptide or amino acid, are prepd. These compds. are reduced in toxicity and markedly enhanced in antitumor potency. Claimed is a pharmaceutical compn. contg. I as the active ingredient for treatment of cancers of lung, uterus, ovary, breast, digestive organs (large intestine, stomach, or pancreas), liver, kidney, prostate gland, and neck, malignant lymphoma, and leukemia. Thus, N-peptidyl-10-(3-aminopropoxy)-(20S)-camptothecin deriv. (II; R = H)(prepn. given) was condensed with carboxymethyl dextran sodium salt using 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride in H2O to give the title compd. II (R = carboxymethyl dextran sodium salt residue), which at 60 mg/kg (single dosage) in vivo inhibited 100% the proliferation of human breast cancer MX-1 cell in mice within 26 days after the drug administration. 39422-83-8DP, Carboxymethyl dextran sodium salt, conjugates with peptide-linked camptothecin derivs. 53571-87-2DP, Carboxymethyl pullulan, conjugates with peptide-linked camptothecin derivs., sodium salt 187793-65-3P 187793-71-1P 187794-13-4P 187794-21-4P 187794-24-7P 187794-27-0P 187794-30-5P 187794-33-8P 187794-36-1P 187803-18-5DP, bound to carboxymethyl dextran sodium salt 187803-20-9DP, bound to carboxymethyl dextran sodium salt 187803-21-0DP, bound to carboxymethyl dextran sodium salt 187803-22-1DP, bound to carboxymethyl dextran sodium salt 187803-23-2DP , bound to carboxymethyl dextran sodium salt 187803-26-5DP, bound to carboxymethyl dextran sodium salt 187803-27-6DP, bound to carboxymethyl dextran sodium salt 187803-28-7DP, bound to carboxymethyl dextran sodium salt 187803-29-8DP , bound to carboxymethyl dextran sodium salt 187803-30-1DP, bound to carboxymethyl dextran sodium salt 187803-31-2DP, bound to carboxymethyl dextran sodium salt 187803-32-3DP, bound to carboxymethyl dextran sodium salt 187803-33-4DP , bound to carboxymethyl dextran sodium salt 187803-34-5DP, bound to carboxymethyl dextran sodium salt 187803-35-6DP, bound to carboxymethyl dextran sodium salt 215591-97-2DP, bound to carboxymethyl dextran sodium salt 215591-98-3DP , bound to carboxymethyl dextran sodium salt 215592-03-3P 215592-06-6P 215592-09-9P 215592-15-7P RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (prepn. of polysaccharide-peptide or amino acid-linked camptothecin conjugates as antitumor agents) 39422-83-8 HCAPLUS Dextran, carboxymethyl ether, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1 CRN 9004-54-0 CMF Unspecified CCI PMS, MAN

IT

RN CN

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

CM 2

CRN 79-14-1 CMF C2 H4 O3

RN 53571-87-2 HCAPLUS

CN Pullulan, carboxymethyl ether (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 9057-02-7

CMF Unspecified

CCI PMS, MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

CM 2

CRN 79-14-1 CMF C2 H4 O3

HO CH3 OH

RN 187793-65-3 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenepropanamide, .alpha.-amino-N-[3-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl]-4-hydroxy-, monohydrochloride, (.alpha.S)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

● HCl

RN 187793-71-1 HCAPLUS

CN Propanamide, 2-amino-N-[3-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-

yl]oxy]propyl]-3-hydroxy-, monohydrochloride, (2S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

HCl

RN 187794-13-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinoline-3,14(4H,12H)-dione, 4,11-diethyl-4-hydroxy-9-[2-(2-hydroxyethoxy)ethoxy]-, (4S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 187794-21-4 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, 3-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl ester, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HCl

RN 187794-24-7 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, 2-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]ethyl ester, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

HCl

RN 187794-27-0 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, 2-[2-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]ethoxy]ethyl ester, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HCl

RN 187794-30-5 HCAPLUS

CN L-Proline, 3-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl ester, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 187794-33-8 HCAPLUS

CN L-Proline, 2-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]ethyl ester, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HC1

RN 187794-36-1 HCAPLUS

CN L-Proline, 2-[2-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]ethoxy]ethyl ester, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 187803-18-5 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, glycylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl-N-[3-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

RN 187803-20-9 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, L-phenylalanyl-N-[3-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 187803-21-0 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, glycylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl-N-[2-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

RN 187803-22-1 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, glycylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl-N-[3-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

CN

RN 187803-23-2 HCAPLUS

Glycinamide, glycylglycylglycyl-N-[3-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

RN 187803-26-5 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, glycylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl-N-[2-[2-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]ethoxy]ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

RN 187803-27-6 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, glycylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl-, 3-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

RN 187803-28-7 HCAPLUS

CN Acetamide, 2-amino-N-[3-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 187803-29-8 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, glycylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl-N-[5-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]pentyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

RN 187803-30-1 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, glycylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl-N-[4-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]butyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

RN 187803-31-2 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, glycyl-N-[3-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 187803-32-3 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, D-phenylalanyl-N-[3-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 187803-33-4 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, glycylglycyl-D-phenylalanyl-N-[3-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

RN 187803-34-5. HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, glycylglycyl-N-[3-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

NH<sub>2</sub>

RN 187803-35-6 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, glycylglycylglycylglycyl-N-[3-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

RN 215591-97-2 HCAPLUS

CN Butanamide, 4-amino-N-[3-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 215591-98-3 HCAPLUS

CN Butanamide, 4-[(4-amino-1-oxobutyl)amino]-N-[3-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

RN 215592-03-3 HCAPLUS

CN L-Aspartic acid, 4-[3-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl] 1-ethyl ester, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

HCl

RN 215592-06-6 HCAPLUS

CN L-Aspartic acid, 4-[2-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]ethyl] 1-ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 215592-09-9 HCAPLUS

CN L-Aspartic acid, 4-[2-[2-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]ethoxy]ethyl] 1-ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

\_\_OEt

RN 215592-15-7 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, glycyl-L-phenylalanylglycyl-N-[3-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl]-N-methyl-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

● HCl

T79-11-8, Chloroacetic acid, reactions 98-59-9, Tosyl chloride 156-87-6, 3-Aminopropanol 627-30-5, 3-Chloropropanol 1826-67-1, Vinylmagnesium bromide 3978-80-1 9004-54-0, Dextran, reactions 9057-02-7, Pullulan 15761-38-3 17302-47-5 18162-48-6, tert-Butyldimethylsilyl chloride 24424-99-5, Di-tert-butyl dicarbonate 28782-81-2 42454-06-8, 5-Hydroxy-2-nitrobenzaldehyde 110351-94-5 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (prepn. of polysaccharide-peptide or amino acid-linked camptothecin conjugates as antitumor agents)

RN 79-11-8 HCAPLUS
CN Acetic acid, chloro- (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 98-59-9 HCAPLUS CN Benzenesulfonyl chloride, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 156-87-6 HCAPLUS CN 1-Propanol, 3-amino- (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 ${\tt H}_{\,2}\,{\tt N} - {\tt C}\,{\tt H}_{\,2} - {\tt C}\,{\tt H}_{\,2} - {\tt C}\,{\tt H}_{\,2} - {\tt O}\,{\tt H}$ 

RN 627-30-5 HCAPLUS CN 1-Propanol, 3-chloro- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) C1-CH2-CH2-CH2-OH

RN 1826-67-1 HCAPLUS

CN Magnesium, bromoethenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

H2C==CH-Mg-Br

RN 3978-80-1 HCAPLUS

CN L-Tyrosine, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

RN 9004-54-0 HCAPLUS

CN Dextran (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

RN 9057-02-7 HCAPLUS

CN Pullulan (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

RN 15761-38-3 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 17302-47-5 HCAPLUS

CN Phenol, 3-(dimethoxymethyl)-4-nitro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 18162-48-6 HCAPLUS

CN Silane, chloro(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 24424-99-5 HCAPLUS

CN Dicarbonic acid, bis(1,1-dimethylethyl) ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 28782-81-2 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-L-phenylalanyl-L-alanyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 42454-06-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzaldehyde, 5-hydroxy-2-nitro- (7CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 110351-94-5 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrano[3,4-f]indolizine-3,6,10(4H)-trione, 4-ethyl-7,8-dihydro-4-hydroxy-, (4S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

IT 39422-83-8P, Carboxymethyl dextran sodium salt

53571-87-2DP, Carboxymethyl pullulan, sodium salt

58885-58-8P 80909-96-2P 187793-42-6P

187793-43-7P 187793-44-8P 187793-46-0P

187793-48-2P 187793-52-8P 187793-56-2P

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187793-58-4P 187793-60-8P 187793-62-0P
    187793-67-5P 187793-69-7P 187793-76-6P
    187793-80-2P 187793-82-4P 187793-84-6P
     187793-86-8P 187794-01-0P 187794-03-2P
     187794-05-4P 187794-07-6P 187794-09-8P
     187794-11-2P 187794-17-8P 187794-19-0P
    187794-20-3P 187794-22-5P 187794-23-6P
    187794-25-8P 187794-26-9P 187794-28-1P
    187794-29-2P 187794-31-6P 187794-32-7P
    187794-34-9P 187794-35-0P 187794-47-4P
    187794-50-9P 187794-55-4P 187794-58-7P
    187794-60-1P 187794-66-7P 187794-68-9P
     187794-70-3P 187794-72-5P 187794-74-7P
    187803-36-7P 187803-37-8P 205647-87-6P
    215591-99-4P 215592-00-0P 215592-01-1P
    215592-02-2P 215592-04-4P 215592-05-5P
    215592-07-7P 215592-08-8P 215592-10-2P
    215592-11-3P 215592-12-4P 215592-13-5P
    215592-14-6P
    RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (prepn. of polysaccharide-peptide or amino acid-linked
        camptothecin conjugates as antitumor agents)
RN
     39422-83-8 HCAPLUS
    Dextran, carboxymethyl ether, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
    CM
         9004-54-0
    CRN
    CMF Unspecified
    CCI PMS, MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE
         2
    CM
    CRN 79-14-1
    CMF C2 H4 O3
 но_с_сн2_он
RN
     53571-87-2 HCAPLUS
    Pullulan, carboxymethyl ether (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
     CM
         1
    CRN 9057-02-7
    CMF Unspecified
    CCI
         PMS, MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE
     CM
          2
     CRN . 79-14-1
     CMF C2 H4 O3
```

RN 58885-58-8 HCAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, (3-hydroxypropyl)-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 80909-96-2 HCAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [3-[[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]oxy]propyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 187793-42-6 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenemethanol, .alpha.-ethenyl-5-hydroxy-2-nitro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 187793-43-7 HCAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [3-[3-(1-hydroxy-2-propenyl)-4-nitrophenoxy]propyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$t-BuO-C-NH-(CH2)3-O$$
OH
 $CH-CH$ 
 $CH2$ 
 $CH2$ 

RN 187793-44-8 HCAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [3-[4-nitro-3-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)phenoxy]propyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 187793-46-0 HCAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [3-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 187793-48-2 HCAPLUS

CN Acetamide, N-[3-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl](9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 187793-52-8 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinoline-3,14(4H,12H)-dione, 9-(3-aminopropoxy)-4,11-diethyl-4-hydroxy-, monohydrochloride, (4S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

● HCl

RN 187793-56-2 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinoline-3,14(4H,12H)-dione, 9-[(5-aminopentyl)oxy]-4,11-diethyl-4-hydroxy-, monohydrochloride, (4S)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

● HCl

RN 187793-58-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinoline-3,14(4H,12H)-dione, 9-[2-(2-aminoethoxy)ethoxy]-4,11-diethyl-4-hydroxy-, monohydrochloride, (4S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 187793-60-8 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrano[3', 4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinoline-3,14(4H,12H)-dione,

4,11-diethyl-4-hydroxy-9-[3-(methylamino)propoxy]-, monohydrochloride, (4S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

HC1

RN 187793-62-0 HCAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [(1S)-2-[[3-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl]amino]-1-[(4-hydroxyphenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 187793-67-5 HCAPLUS

CN Acetamide, 2-amino-N-[3-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl]-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 187793-69-7 HCAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [(1S)-2-[[3-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl]amino]-1-(hydroxymethyl)-2-oxoethyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 187793-76-6 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, L-phenylalanyl-N-[3-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl]-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HCl

RN 187793-80-2 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, glycylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl-N-[3-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl]-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

HC1

PAGE 1-B

RN

187793-82-4 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, glycylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl-N-[5-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]pentyl]-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

● HCl

PAGE 1-B

RN 187793-84-6 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, glycylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl-N-[3-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl]-N-methyl-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

RN 187793-86-8 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, glycylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl-N-[2-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]ethyl]-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

● HCl

RN 187794-01-0 HCAPLUS CN 1-Propanol, 3-[3-(dimethoxymethyl)-4-nitrophenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 187794-03-2 HCAPLUS

CN Benzaldehyde, 5-[3-[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]propoxy]-2-nitro-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 187794-05-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propen-1-one, 1-[5-[3-[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]propoxy]-2-nitrophenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 187794-07-6 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenemethanol, 5-[3-[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl)oxy]propoxy]-.alpha.-ethenyl-2-nitro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$t-Bu-Si-O-(CH_2)_3-O$$

NO2

OH

 $CH-CH$ 
 $CH_2$ 

RN 187794-09-8 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinoline-3,14(4H,12H)-dione, 4,11-diethyl-4-hydroxy-9-(3-hydroxypropoxy)-, (4S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 187794-11-2 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propen-1-one, 1-[5-[2-[2-[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]ethoxy]e thoxy]-2-nitrophenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 187794-17-8 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propen-1-one, 1-[5-(3-hydroxypropoxy)-2-nitrophenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 187794-19-0 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-, 3-[4-nitro-3-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)phenoxy]propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 187794-20-3 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-, 3-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 187794-22-5 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-, 2-[4-nitro-3-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)phenoxy]ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 187794-23-6 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-, 2-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 187794-25-8 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-, 2-[2-[4-nitro-3-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)phenoxy]ethoxy]ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 187794-26-9 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-, 2-[2-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]ethoxy]ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

\_\_OBu-t

RN 187794-28-1 HCAPLUS
CN 1,2-Pyrrolidinedicarboxylic acid, 1-(1,1-dimethylethyl)
2-[3-[4-nitro-3-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)phenoxy]propyl] ester, (2S)- (9CI) (CIINDEX NAME)

RN 187794-29-2 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2-Pyrrolidinedicarboxylic acid, 2-[3-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl] 1-(1,1-dimethylethyl) ester, (2S)- (9CI) (CFINDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 187794-31-6 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2-Pyrrolidinedicarboxylic acid, 1-(1,1-dimethylethyl) 2-[2-[4-nitro-3-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)phenoxy]ethyl] ester, (2S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 187794-32-7 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2-Pyrrolidinedicarboxylic acid, 2-[2-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]ethyl] 1-(1,1-dimethylethyl) ester, (2S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 187794-34-9 HCAPLUS
CN 1,2-Pyrrolidinedicarboxylic acid, 1-(1,1-dimethylethyl)
2-[2-[2-[4-nitro-3-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)phenoxy]ethoxy]ethyl] ester, (2S)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 187794-35-0 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2-Pyrrolidinedicarboxylic acid, 2-[2-[2-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]ethoxy]ethyl] 1-(1,1-dimethylethyl) ester, (2S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

\_\_OBu-t

RN 187794-47-4 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, glycylglycylglycyl-N-[3-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl]-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

HC1

PAGE 1-B

RN 187794-50-9 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, glycylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl-N-[2-[2-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]ethoxy]ethyl]-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

● HCl

PAGE 1-B

RN 187794-55-4 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, glycylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl-, 3-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl ester, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

RN 187794-58-7 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinoline-3,14(4H,12H)-dione, 9-(4-aminobutoxy)-4,11-diethyl-4-hydroxy-, monohydrochloride, (4S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

● HCl

RN 187794-60-1 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, glycylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl-N-[4-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]butyl]-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

● HCl

PAGE 1-B

RN 187794-66-7 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, glycyl-N-[3-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl]-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

● HCl

RN 187794-68-9 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, D-phenylalanyl-N-[3-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl]-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

● HCl

RN 187794-70-3 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, glycylglycyl-N-[3-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl]-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

● HCl

PAGE 1-B

NH<sub>2</sub>

RN 187794-72-5 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, glycylglycylglycylglycyl-N-[3-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl]-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

RN 187794-74-7 HCAPLUS
CN Glycinamide, glycylglycyl-D-phenylalanyl-N-[3-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl]-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA ÎNDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

RN 187803-36-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propen-1-one, 1-[5-[2-[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]ethoxy]-2-nitrophenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 187803-37-8 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinoline-3,14(4H,12H)-dione, 4,11-diethyl-4-hydroxy-9-(2-hydroxyethoxy)-, (4S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 205647-87-6 HCAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [3-[4-amino-3-(1-oxopropyl)phenoxy]propyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 215591-99-4 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-L-phenylalanyl-N-[3-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl]-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

● HCl

PAGE 1-B

—OBu−t

RN 215592-00-0 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]glycylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl-N[3-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1Hpyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl]-,
monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

● HCl

PAGE 1-B

RN 215592-01-1 HCAPLUS

CN Butanamide, 4-amino-N-[3-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl]-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 215592-02-2 HCAPLUS

CN Butanamide, 4-[(4-amino-1-oxobutyl)amino]-N-[3-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl]-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

RN 215592-04-4 HCAPLUS
CN L-Aspartic acid, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-, 1-ethyl
4-[3-[4-nitro-3-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)phenoxy]propyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 215592-05-5 HCAPLUS
CN L-Aspartic acid, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-, 4-[3-[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl] 1-ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 215592-07-7 HCAPLUS

CN L-Aspartic acid, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-, 1-ethyl 4-[2-[4-nitro-3-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)phenoxy]ethyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 215592-08-8 HCAPLUS

CN L-Aspartic acid, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-, 4-[2-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]ethyl] 1-ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 215592-10-2 HCAPLUS

CN L-Aspartic acid, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-, 1-ethyl 4-[2-[2-[4-nitro-3-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)phenoxy]ethoxy]ethyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 215592-11-3 HCAPLUS

CN L-Aspartic acid, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-, 4-[2-[2-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]ethoxy]ethyl] 1-ethylester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

### Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

─OBu-t

\_\_OEt

RN 215592-12-4 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]glycylglycylglycyl-N-[3-[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl]-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

HC1

PAGE 1-B

RN 215592-13-5 HCAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]glycylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl-N[2-[2-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1Hpyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]ethoxy]ethyl]-,
monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

RN 215592-14-6 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]glycylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl-, 3-[[(4S)-4,11-diethyl-3,4,12,14-tetrahydro-4-hydroxy-3,14-dioxo-1H-pyrano[3',4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-9-yl]oxy]propyl ester, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

● HCl

PAGE 1-B

L47 ANSWER 8 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:127052 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

128:172026

```
Extending Insulin Action in Vivo by
TITLE:
                         Conjugation to Carboxymethyl
                         Dextran
AUTHOR(S):
                         Baudys, Miroslav; Letourneur, Didier; Liu, Feng; Mix,
                         Don; Jozefonvicz, Jacqueline; Kim, Sung Wan
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         Department of Pharmaceutics and Pharmaceutical
                         Chemistry/Center for Controlled Chemical Delivery,
                         University of Utah, Salt Lake City, UT, 84112, USA
SOURCE:
                         Bioconjugate Chemistry (1998), 9(2), 176-183
                         CODEN: BCCHES; ISSN: 1043-1802
PUBLISHER:
                         American Chemical Society
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Journal
LANGUAGE:
                         English
     The biochem. and pharmacol. properties of bioactive peptides and proteins
AΒ
     can be altered by conjugation with polymers. This report
     describes site-specific attachment of insulin to activated carboxyl groups
    of carboxymethyl dextran (CMD, MW = 51 000)
    through the GlyAl insulin amino group. On av., three or four insulin
    mols. were grafted to a CMD linear chain. Coupled insulin mols.
    were properly folded, and the bioactivity of conjugated insulin
    in the blood glucose depression assay was 9.6 IU/mg, which was
     only 2.6 times less than that for native insulin. The cell growth study
     indicated that the CMD-insulin conjugate was as
    mitogenic as insulin on vascular smooth muscle cells, whereas the starting
    CMD polymer was not. The insulin receptor binding const. of the
    conjugate (3.6 .times. 109 M-1) compared well with that of native
     insulin (7.6 .times. 109 M-1), indicating that the CMD chain
    does not present any major constraints to binding. Plasma clearance of
    CMD-insulin obeyed a two-compartment pharmacokinetic (PK) model
    with a CMD-insulin conjugate plasma elimination
    half-life of 114.1 min, which was significantly longer than that of sol.
    Zn-insulin (12.4 min). In contrast, pharmacodynamic (PD) profiles (blood
    glucose lowering effects) after i.v. (i.v.) administration of the
    conjugate or insulin in rats were not different. S.c. (s.c.)
    administration of the conjugate resulted in a significantly
    prolonged plasma profile with a noncompartmental PK parameter mean
    residence time (MRT) of 103.5 min which was significantly longer than that
    of sol. Zn-insulin (40.5 min). This was reflected in the protracted PD
    effect of s.c. administered conjugate with time needed to reach
    min. glucose concn. Thadir of 95.7 min, which was significantly
    longer than that of insulin (62 min). We conclude that the
    conjugation of insulin to CMD leads to a bioactive
    conjugate with a delayed s.c. PD profile showing prolonged
    response, resembling intermediate acting insulin prepns.
    9004-10-8DP, Insulin, conjugates with
ΙT
    carboxymethyl dextran, biological studies
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological
    process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic
    preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP
     (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
        (extending insulin action in vivo by conjugation to
       carboxymethyl dextran)
     9004-10-8 HCAPLUS
RN
    Insulin (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE
    9044-05-7DP, Carboxymethyl dextran,
    conjugates with insulin
    RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN
     (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study);
```

PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (extending insulin action in vivo by conjugation to carboxymethyl dextran)

RN 9044-05-7 HCAPLUS

CN Dextran, carboxymethyl ether (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 9004-54-0 CMF Unspecified CCI PMS, MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

CM 2

CRN 79-14-1 CMF C2 H4 O3

о но\_с\_сн<sub>2</sub>\_он

L47 ANSWER 9 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:777835 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:97464

TITLE: Design of macromolecular biological response modifier

by immobilizing of D-glucose analog of muramyl dipeptide on carboxymethyl-dextran having mannose

branches

AUTHOR(S): Murata, J.; Nagae, H.; Ohya, Y.; Ouchi, T.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Applied Chem., Faculty Eng., Kansai Univ., Suita,

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SOURCE: Journal of Biomaterials Science, Polymer Edition

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DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

It is well known that muramyl dipeptide is a min. required structure of bacterial peptidoglycan responsible for immunoadjuvant activity. Since mannose receptors exists on the surface of macrophages, polymers with branched mannose residues are expected to target moieties to macrophages. To achieve an efficient delivery of D-qlucose analog of muramyl dipeptide (GADP) via receptor-mediated endocytosis by mannose receptors on the surface of macrophages, GADP/carboxymethyl-dextran (CM-Dex)/Man conjugate was synthesized. Moreover, to study the effect of the introduction of mannose residues, we also synthesized GADP/CM-glucomannan (CM-GM) and GADP/CM-Dex conjugates. immunol. enhancement activities of their conjugates were evaluated by measurements of glucose consumption and .beta.-D-glucuronidase activity from macrophage-like cells. The GADP/CM-Dex/Man and GADP/CM-GM conjugates showed higher immunol. enhancement activity than the GADP/CM-Dex conjugate. The immunol. enhancement activity of GADKP/CM-Dex/Man and GADP/CM-GM conjugates was decreased to the same level of immunol enhancement activity of GADP/CM-Dex conjugate under the presence of excess mannose. These results suggested that the introduction of mannose

residues into GADP/CM-Dex conjugate could increase the affinity against macrophage and the immunol. enhancement activity of GADP/CM-Dex conjugate itself.

IT 146916-64-5DP, reaction products with CM-dextran or CM-glucomannan RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(design of macromol. biol. response modifier by immobilizing glucose analog of muramyl dipeptide on CM-dextran having mannose branches)  ${\sf CM}$ 

RN 146916-64-5 HCAPLUS

CN D-.alpha.-Glutamine, N-[(2R)-2-[6-O-(6-amino-1-oxohexyl)-D-glucos-3-O-yl]-1-oxopropyl]-L-alanyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\$$

IT 50-99-7, D-Glucose, reactions 617-04-9, Methyl .alpha.-D-mannopyranoside 6404-29-1 9044-05-7D, Carboxymethyl dextran, reaction products with glucose analog of muramyldipeptide 9064-52-2D, Carboxymethyl glucomannan, reaction products with glucose analog of muramyldipeptide 77987-49-6, N-Benzyloxycarbonylethanolamine 107947-55-7

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (design of macromol. biol. response modifier by immobilizing glucose analog of muramyl dipeptide on CM-dextran having mannose branches)

RN 50-99-7 HCAPLUS

CN D-Glucose (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 617-04-9 HCAPLUS

CN .alpha.-D-Mannopyranoside, methyl (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 6404-29-1 HCAPLUS

CN Hexanoic acid, 6-[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 9044-05-7 HCAPLUS

CN Dextran, carboxymethyl ether (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 9004-54-0

CMF Unspecified

CCI PMS, MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

CM 2

CRN 79-14-1

CMF C2 H4 O3

RN 9064-52-2 HCAPLUS

CN D-Gluco-D-mannan, carboxymethyl ether (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 11078-31-2

CMF Unspecified

CCI PMS, MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

CM 2

CRN 79-14-1

CMF C2 H4 O3

RN 77987-49-6 HCAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, (2-hydroxyethyl)-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 107947-55-7 HCAPLUS

CN D-.alpha.-Glutamine, L-alanyl-, (4-nitrophenyl)methyl ester (9CI) (CF INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

74112-33-7P 78609-16-2P, .alpha.-D-Mannopyranose, IT 2,3,4,6-tetrakis-O-(phenylmethyl)- 92470-93-4P, 2,3,4,6-Tetra-O-benzyl-.alpha.-D-mannopyranosyl chloride 140428-88-2DP, reaction products with CM-dextran and glucose analog of muramyldipeptide 140428-88-2P 146916-64-5P 201145-84-8P 201145-85-9P RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (design of macromol. biol. response modifier by immobilizing glucose analog of muramyl dipeptide on CM-dextran having mannose branches) RN 74112-33-7 HCAPLUS .alpha.-D-Glucofuranose, 3-O-(1-carboxyethyl)-1,2:5,6-bis-O-(1-CN methylethylidene) -, (R) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 78609-16-2 HCAPLUS

CN .alpha.-D-Mannopyranose, 2,3,4,6-tetrakis-O-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

RN 92470-93-4 HCAPLUS

CN .alpha.-D-Mannopyranosyl chloride, 2,3,4,6-tetrakis-O-(phenylmethyl)-

(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 140428-88-2 HCAPLUS.

CN .alpha.-D-Mannopyranoside, 2-aminoethyl (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

RN 140428-88-2 HCAPLUS

CN .alpha.-D-Mannopyranoside, 2-aminoethyl (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

RN 146916-64-5 HCAPLUS

CN D-.alpha.-Glutamine, N-[(2R)-2-[6-O-(6-amino-1-oxohexyl)-D-glucos-3-O-yl]-1-oxopropyl]-L-alanyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\$$

RN 201145-84-8 HCAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [2-[[2,3,4,6-tetrakis-O-(phenylmethyl)-.alpha.-D-mannopyranosyl]oxy]ethyl]-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 201145-85-9 HCAPLUS

CN D-.alpha.-Glutamine, N-[(2R)-2-[1,2:5,6-bis-0-(1-methylethylidene)-.alpha.-D-glucofuranos-3-0-yl]-1-oxopropyl]-L-alanyl-, (4-nitrophenyl)methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L47 ANSWER 10 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:138228 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:242714

TITLE: Targeted delivery of drugs and proteins to the liver

via receptor-mediated endocytosis

AUTHOR(S): Hashida, Mitsuru; Hirabayashi, Hideki; Nishikawa,

Makiya; Takakura, Yoshinobu

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Drug Delivery Research, Faculty of

Pharmaceutical Sciences, Kyoto University, Sakyo-ku,

Kyoto, Japan

SOURCE: J. Controlled Release (1997), 46(1,2), 129-137

CODEN: JCREEC; ISSN: 0168-3659

PUBLISHER: Elsevier
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

AB Targeting of drugs and proteins to the liver via the asialoglycoprotein receptor was investigated in mice. Carboxymethyl-

dextran (CMD), carboxymethyl-amylose (CMA), and

poly-L-glutamic acid (PLGA) were modified with 2-imino-2-methoxyethyl (IME)-thiogalactosides to obtain galactosylated derivs. as carriers of drugs with low-mol. wts. Proteins were targeted to the liver by direct attachment of galactose moieties. Pharmacokinetic anal. clearly showed that galactosylated derivs. were taken up by the liver depending on the mol. wt. and configuration of macromols., the no. of galactose residues, and the administered dose. Based on the obtained results, we attempted to selectively deliver vitamin K5, which acts as a coagulant in

the liver. Galactosylated PLGA (Gal-PLGA) possessing 18 galactose residues was selected as a hepatotropic carrier since it was efficiently accumulated and gradually degraded in the liver after i.v. injection. attachment of vitamin K5 did not alter the distribution properties of Gal-PLGA, and vitamin K5 was successfully delivered to the liver by the conjugation. The anti-hemorrhagic activity of the conjugate was assayed after i.v. injection in mice treated with warfarin. Vitamin K5 conjugated with Gal-PLGA showed coagulant activity at any periods studied after i.v. injection, while free vitamin K5 only showed the activity at 4 h after administration. These results indicate the usefulness of galactosylated macromols. as hepatotropic carriers of drugs whose site of action is in the liver. ΙT 83-70-5D, Vitamin K5, reaction products with galactosylated poly(glutamic acid) 107-15-3D, 1,2-Ethanediamine, reaction products with polysaccharides and galactose deriv. 9044-05-7D, Carboxymethyl dextran, glycosylated 9054-89-1D, Superoxide dismutase, galactosylated 12768-31-9D, Carboxymethyl amylose, glycosylated 24991-23-9D, glycosylated 25513-46-6D, Poly(L-glutamic acid), glycosylated 75204-21-6D, reaction products with macromols. RL: BPR (Biological process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (targeted delivery of drugs and proteins to the liver via receptor-mediated endocytosis) RN 83-70-5 HCAPLUS CN 1-Naphthalenol, 4-amino-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) OH

RN 107-15-3 HCAPLUS 1,2-Ethanediamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

H2N-CH2-CH2-NH2

9044-05-7 HCAPLUS RN CN Dextran, carboxymethyl ether (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 9004-54-0 CMF Unspecified CCI PMS, MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

CM 2

CRN 79-14-1 CMF C2 H4 O3

CN Dismutase, superoxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

RN 12768-31-9 HCAPLUS

CN Amylose, carboxymethyl ether (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 9005-82-7 CMF Unspecified CCI PMS, MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

CM 2

CRN 79-14-1 CMF C2 H4 O3

RN 24991-23-9 HCAPLUS
CN Poly[imino[(1S)-1-(2-carboxyethyl)-2-oxo-1,2-ethanediyl]] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 25513-46-6 HCAPLUS

CN L-Glutamic acid, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 56-86-0 CMF C5 H9 N O4 CDES 5:L

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 75204-21-6 HCAPLUS CN Ethanimidic acid, 2-(.beta.-D-galactopyranosylthio)-, methyl ester (9CI)

(CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L47 ANSWER 11 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:524125 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:219918

TITLE: Role of the Polysaccharide Content and Net

Charge on the Emulsifying Properties of .beta.-Lactoglobulin-Carboxymethyldextran

Conjugates

AUTHOR(S): Nagasawa, Koichi; Ohgata, Koki; Takahashi, Koji;

Hattori, Makoto

CORPORATE SOURCE: Faculty of Agriculture, Tokyo University of

Agriculture and Technology, Tokyo, 183, Japan J. Agric. Food Chem. (1996), 44(9), 2538-2543

CODEN: JAFCAU; ISSN: 0021-8561

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB .beta.-Lactoglobulin (.beta.-LG)-carboxymethyldextran (CMD)

conjugates were prepd. by using water-sol. carbodiimide. Three

kinds of **CMD** differing in mol. mass (40, 70, and 162 kDa) were used to investigate the effects of different **CMD** contents and net charge on the functional changes in .beta.-LG. The emulsifying

properties of these .beta.-LG-CMD conjugates were

investigated under various conditions by evaluating the stability of

oil/water emulsions prepd. with oleic acid and the .beta.-LG-CMD conjugates. The emulsifying ability of .beta.-LG was greatly

improved by conjugating with CMD in the acidic pH

range in the presence of less than 0.5 M NaCl. After heating at 80

.degree.C for 10 min, the emulsifying stability of the .beta.-LG-

CMD conjugates was higher than that of .beta.-LG. It is

thought that increasing the **polysaccharide** content and shifting the isoelec. point of .beta.-LG to the acidic side by **conjugating** 

with CMD of a high mol. wt. would be effective in improving the emulsifying properties of .beta.-LG under unfavorable conditions.

IT 7647-14-5, Sodium chloride, biological studies

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BIOL (Biological study)

(polysaccharide content and net charge effect on emulsifying properties of .beta.-lactoglobulin-carboxymethyldextran

RN 7647-14-5 HCAPLUS

conjugates)

CN Sodium chloride (NaCl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Cl-Na

SOURCE:

```
IT
    9044-05-7D, Carboxymethyldextran, conjugates with
     .beta.-lactoglobulin
    RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or
    chemical process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (polysaccharide content and net charge effect on emulsifying
       properties of .beta.-lactoglobulin-carboxymethyldextran
       conjugates)
     9044-05-7 HCAPLUS
RN
    Dextran, carboxymethyl ether (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
    CM
    CRN
         9004-54-0
    CMF
         Unspecified
    CCI
         PMS, MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE
    CM
         2
    CRN 79-14-1
    CMF C2 H4 O3
 но-С-сн2-он
L47 ANSWER 12 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
                         1996:507742 HCAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         125:204231
                         Pharmacokinetics and targeted delivery of proteins and
TITLE:
AUTHOR(S):
                         Hashida, Mitsuru; Mahato, Ram I.; Kawabata, Kenji;
                         Miyao, Takenori; Nishikawa, Makiya; Takakura,
                         Yoshinobu
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         Fac. Pharmaceutical Sci., Kyoto Univ., Kyoto, 606-01,
                         Japan
                         J. Controlled Release (1996), 41(1,2, Fifth
SOURCE:
                         International Symposium on Delivery and Targeting of
                         Pesticides, Proteins and Genes, 1995), 91-97
                         CODEN: JCREEC; ISSN: 0168-3659
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Journal
LANGUAGE:
                         English
     The effectiveness of various approaches for controlling in vivo
     disposition of proteins and genes is compared based on pharmacokinetic
     anal. The potential of introduction of galactose or mannose
     residues aiming at receptor-mediated endocytosis, succinylation to be
     recognized by a scavenger receptor, and cationization for universal
     electrostatic interaction were characterized using model proteins.
    Corresponding to the results, a superior therapeutic effect was shown with
     derivs. of superoxide dismutase against hepatic and renal
     ischemia/reperfusion injury. A similar approach was adopted for plasmid
     DNA and oligonucleotide and their rapid degrdn. in the blood pool and
     preferential uptake by the liver after i.v. injection were characterized
     by pharmacokinetic anal. The effects of incorporation into cationic
     liposomes and conjugation with macromols. on their in vivo
     distribution were also elucidated.
     9044-05-7DP, Carboxymethyldextran, conjugates with 5'-biotinylated
ΙT
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decathymidylic acid 167497-81-6DP, conjugates with carboxymethyl dextran

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(pharmacokinetics and targeted delivery of proteins and genes)

RN 9044-05-7 HCAPLUS

CN Dextran, carboxymethyl ether (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 9004-54-0 CMF Unspecified CCI PMS, MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

CM 2

CRN 79-14-1 CMF C2 H4 O3

но\_ С\_ Сн<sub>2</sub>\_ Он

RN 167497-81-6 HCAPLUS

CN Thymidine, P-deoxy-P-[[4-[[5-(hexahydro-2-oxo-1H-thieno[3,4-d]imidazol-4-yl)-1-oxopentyl]amino]butyl]amino]thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-thymidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-, [3aS-(3a.alpha.,4.beta.,6a.alpha.)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



PAGE 2-B

OH 
$$P = O = CH_2$$
 $O = Me$ 
 $O$ 

PAGE 3-A

0\_\_

Me-

PAGE 3-B

PAGE 4-A

PAGE 4-B

TT 9001-63-2, Lysozyme 9035-81-8, Trypsin inhibitor 9054-89-1, Superoxide dismutase

```
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (pharmacokinetics and targeted delivery of proteins and genes)
RN
     9001-63-2 HCAPLUS
     Lysozyme (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE
     9035-81-8 HCAPLUS
RN
     Trypsin inhibitor (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE
     9054-89-1 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
     Dismutase, superoxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE
L47 ANSWER 13 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         1996:478465 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         125:204200
                         Synthesis of muramyl dipeptide analog-glucomannan
TITLE:
                         conjugate and its stimulation activity against
                         macrophage-like cells
                         Murata, Jun-ichi; Nagae, Hiromu; Ohya, Yuichi; Ouchi,
AUTHOR(S):
                         Tatsuro
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         Department of Applied Chemistry, Kansai University,
                         Suita, 564, Japan
                         Carbohydr. Polym. (1996), 29(2), 111-118
SOURCE:
                         CODEN: CAPOD8; ISSN: 0144-8617
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Journal
                         English
LANGUAGE:
     Since the mannose receptors exist on the surface of macrophages, the
AB
     branched mannose residues of glucomannan are expected to act as targeting
    moieties to macrophages. So, to achieve an efficient delivery of D-
     glucose analog of muramyl dipeptide (GADP) via receptor-mediated
     endocytosis by mannose receptors on the surface of macrophages, the
     GADP/carboxymethyl(CM)-glucomannan conjugate was synthesized.
    Moreover, to study the relation between the immunol. enhancement activity
     of the conjugates and their mannose residues, we synthesized the
    GADP/CM-glucomannan conjugates having various degrees of
     substitution of carboxymethyl group in mol% per sugar unit (DCM) and
    GADP/CM-dextran conjugate through hybridization of GADP with
     dextran. The immunol. enhancement activities of GADP/CM-glucomannan
     conjugates and GADP/CM-dextran conjugate were evaluated
    by measurements of the glucose consumption, the superoxide anion
    prodn. and the .beta.-D-glucuronidase activity from PMA
     (phorbol-12-myristate-13-acetate)-differentiated HL-60 (human
    promyelocytic leukemia) or U937 (human monoblast leukemia) cells as
    macrophage-like cells.
     9044-05-7DP, Carboxymethyl dextran,
ΙT
     conjugates with glucose analog of muramyl dipeptide
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic
     preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (comparison compd.; synthesis of muramyl dipeptide analog-glucomannan
        conjugate and stimulation activity against macrophage-like
        cells)
RN
     9044-05-7 HCAPLUS
CN
     Dextran, carboxymethyl ether (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

CM 1

```
CRN
         9004-54-0
    CMF
         Unspecified
    CCI
         PMS, MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE
    CM
         2
    CRN
         79-14-1
    CMF C2 H4 O3
      -СН2-ОН
ΙT
    9064-52-2DP, Carboxymethyl Glucomannan, conjugates with
    glucose analog of muramyl dipeptide 146916-65-6DP,
    conjugates with CM glucomannan
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic
    preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (synthesis of muramyl dipeptide analog-glucomannan conjugate
       and stimulation activity against macrophage-like cells)
    9064-52-2 HCAPLUS
RN
    D-Gluco-D-mannan, carboxymethyl ether (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
    CM
    CRN 11078-31-2
    CMF
         Unspecified
    CCI PMS, MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE
    CM
    CRN 79-14-1
    CMF C2 H4 O3
    146916-65-6 HCAPLUS
RN
    D-.alpha.-Glutamine, N2-[N-[2-[6-O-(6-amino-1-oxohexyl)-D-glucos-3-O-yl]-1-
    oxopropyl]-L-alanyl]-, (R)-, mono(trifluoroacetate) (salt) (9CI) (CA
    INDEX NAME)
    CM
         1
    CRN 146916-64-5
    CMF C23 H40 N4 O12
Absolute stereochemistry.
```

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\$$

CM 2

CRN 76-05-1 CMF C2 H F3 O2

L47 ANSWER 14 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1995:549521 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

122:312947

TITLE:

Method of activating soluble carbohydrate using novel cyanylating reagents for the production of immunogenic

constructs

INVENTOR(S):

Lees, Andrew

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Henry M. Jackson Foundation for the Advancement of

Military Medicine, USA PCT Int. Appl., 48 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Patent English

ANGUAGE.

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.				KIND DATE					A.	PPLI	CATION NO.			DATE				
	WO	WO 9508348			A1 19950330				WO 1994-US10658				1994	0921					
		W:	AM,	AT,	AU,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	
			GB,	GE,	HU,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LK,	LR,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MD,	MG,	
			MN,	MW,	NL,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SI,	SK,	ТJ,	TT,	UA,	
			UZ,	VN															
		RW:	KE,	MW,	SD,	SZ,	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	ΙΤ,	LU,	
			MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	SN,	
			TD,	TG			•												
	CA	CA 2171942			AA		19950330			CA 1994-2171942				42	1994	0921			
	AU 9478391			A1		19950410			A	U 19	94-78391			19940921					
	AU	6786	13		B	2	1997	0605											
	EΡ	EP 720485			A1		19960710			EP 1994-92927			3	1994	19940921				
		R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LI,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE
	JP	0950	2978		T	2	1997	0325		J	P 19	94-5	0989	7	1994	0921			
PRIC	PRIORITY APPLN. INFO				.:				•	US 1	993-	1244	91	Α	1993	0922			
									1	WO 1	994-	US10	658	W	1994	0921			
	_		_																

AB A process for producing an immunogenic construct comprising activating at

least one first carbohydrate-contg. moiety with a novel cyanylating reagent and covalently joining said activated first moiety to a second moiety. Immunogenic constructs may be prepd. by this process using either direct conjugation of first and second moieties or using indirect conjugation with a bifunctional reagent. The first carbohydrate is dextran, Pneumococcal polysaccharide, Haemophilus influenzae polysaccharide, or a viral or bacterial polysaccharide; the second carbohydrate is albumin, pertussis toxoid, tetanus toxoid, malaria-derived peptide p28, antibody, toxoid or toxin; the cyanylating reagent is CDAP, CTEA, and pNPC; and the bifunctional reagent is ethylenediamine, 1,6-hexane diamine, adipic dihydrazide, cystamine, glycine, or lysine. In example, conjugates of pertussis toxoid and Pneumococcal type 14 polysaccharide or Haemophilus influenzae polysaccharide, tetanus toxoid and malaria-derived peptide 28, and monoclonal antibody H.delta.a/1 and aminoethyl carboxymethyl dextran were prepd. as vaccines.

IT 51-85-4, Cystamine 56-40-6, Glycine, biological studies
56-87-1, L-Lysine, biological studies 107-15-3,
1,2-Ethanediamine, biological studies 124-09-4,
1,6-Hexanediamine, biological studies 1071-93-8, Adipic dihydrazide

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(bifunctional agent; prepn. of immunogenic carbohydrate constructs with cyanylating and bifunctional reagent as vaccine)

RN 51-85-4 HCAPLUS

CN Ethanamine, 2,2'-dithiobis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $\verb|H2N-CH2-CH2-S-S-CH2-CH2-NH2|\\$ 

RN 56-40-6 HCAPLUS CN Glycine (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO-C-CH2-NH2

RN 56-87-1 HCAPLUS CN L-Lysine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 107-15-3 HCAPLUS CN 1,2-Ethanediamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

H2N-CH2-CH2-NH2

RN 124-09-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Hexanediamine (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

H2N- (CH2)6-NH2

RN 1071-93-8 HCAPLUS

CN Hexanedioic acid, dihydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 1129-38-0, p-Nitrophenylcyanate

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(cyanylating agent; prepn. of immunogenic carbohydrate constructs with cyanylating and bifunctional reagent as vaccine)

RN 1129-38-0 HCAPLUS

CN Cyanic acid, 4-nitrophenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 30684-36-7 59016-56-7, 1-Cyano-4-(dimethylamino)-

pyridinium tetrafluoroborate

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(cyanylating agent; prepn. of immunogenic carbohydrate constructs with cyanylating and bifunctional reagent as vaccine)

RN 30684-36-7 HCAPLUS

CN Ethanaminium, N-cyano-N, N-diethyl-, tetrafluoroborate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 44795-37-1 CMF C7 H15 N2

CM 2

CRN 14874-70-5

CMF B F4

CCI CCS

RN 59016-56-7 HCAPLUS CN Pyridinium, 1-cyano-4-(dimethylamino)-, tetrafluoroborate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 59016-55-6 CMF C8 H10 N3



CM 2

CRN 14874-70-5 CMF B F4 CCI CCS

CN L-Lysine, L-cysteinyl-L-asparaginyl-L-isoleucylglycyl-L-lysyl-L-prolyl-L-asparaginyl-L-valyl-L-glutaminyl-L-alpha.-aspartyl-L-glutaminyl-L-asparaginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

O
R

O
R

NH

CO2H

H2N

O
S
O
CO2H

NH2

O
CO2H

NH2

RN 163438-78-6 HCAPLUS

CN Dextran, 2-aminoethyl carboxymethyl ether (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 9004-54-0 CMF Unspecified

CCI PMS, MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

CM 2

CRN 141-43-5 CMF C2 H7 N O

H2N-CH2-CH2-OH

CM 3

CRN 79-14-1 CMF C2 H4 O3 но\_С\_сн<sub>2</sub>\_он

IT 9004-54-0D, Dextran, conjugates

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (prepn. of immunogenic carbohydrate constructs with cyanylating and bifunctional reagent as vaccine)

RN 9004-54-0 HCAPLUS

CN Dextran (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

L47 ANSWER 15 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1994:289400 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

120:289400

TITLE:

Manipulation of renal disposition of human recombinant

superoxide dismutase by chemical modification

AUTHOR(S):

Mihara, Kiyoshi; Sawai, Kenzo; Takakura, Yoshinobu;

Hashida, Mitsuru

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Fac. Pharm. Sci., Kyoto Univ., Kyoto, 606-01, Japan

SOURCE:

Biol. Pharm. Bull. (1994), 17(2), 296-301

CODEN: BPBLEO; ISSN: 0918-6158

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

GUAGE: English
The renal disposition characteristics of superoxide dismutase (SOD) and

AB its derivs., including macromol. conjugates with polyethylene glycol and carboxymethyl-dextran, cationized deriv., and glycosylated derivs. with galactose and mannose, were studied in the isolated perfused rat kidney. Renal disposition processes, such as glomerular filtration, tubular reabsorption, and uptake from the capillary side, were quant. detd. by single-pass indicator diln. expts. under filtering and nonfiltering kidney conditions. Native SOD had a high glomerular filtration rate (40% of that of inulin) and was effectively reabsorbed in the tubules, while no significant uptake was obsd. from capillary side. conjugates showed restricted glomerular filtration due to an increase in mol. size. Cationization of SOD greatly enhanced its assocn. with the tissue, not only from the luminal side but also from the capillary side, based upon electrostatic interaction. Galactosylated and mannosylated SOD showed reduced tubular reabsorption and increased exposure of the luminal surface to the enzyme. In addn., a small but significant uptake of mannosylated SOD from the capillary side was obsd. This uptake was dose-dependent and completely inhibited by mannan, suggesting that mannose receptor-mediated endocytosis existed in the capillary side of the kidney. Thus, the authors can manipulate the renal disposition profiles of SOD by changing its physicochem. or biol.

properties through chem. modification. IT 9054-89-1, Superoxide dismutase

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(human recombinant, kidney disposition of, chem. modification manipulation of)

RN 9054-89-1 HCAPLUS

CN Dismutase, superoxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

IT 59-23-4DP, Galactose, conjugates with

superoxide dismutase 79-14-1DP, Glycolic acid, conjugates with

superoxide dismutase 3458-28-4DP, Mannose, conjugates with superoxide dismutase 9044-05-7DP, Carboxymethyldextran, conjugates with superoxide dismutase 25322-68-3DP, Polyethylene glycol, conjugates with superoxide dismutase RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and kidney disposition of)

RN 59-23-4 HCAPLUS

CN D-Galactose (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

RN 79-14-1 HCAPLUS

CN Acetic acid, hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 3458-28-4 HCAPLUS

CN D-Mannose (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

RN 9044-05-7 HCAPLUS

CN Dextran, carboxymethyl ether (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 9004-54-0

CMF Unspecified

CCI PMS, MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

CM 2

CRN 79-14-1

CMF C2 H4 O3

RN 25322-68-3 HCAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-hydro-.omega.-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX

NAME)

$$HO \longrightarrow CH_2 \longrightarrow CH_2 \longrightarrow O \longrightarrow n$$

L47 ANSWER 16 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:235367 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:235367

TITLE: Control of the disposition profiles of proteins in the

kidney via chemical modification

AUTHOR(S): Takakura, Yoshinobu; Mihara, Kiyoshi; Hashida, Mitsuru

CORPORATE SOURCE: Fac. Pharm. Sci., Kyoto Univ., Kyoto, 606-01, Japan

J. Controlled Release (1994), 28(1-3), 111-19 SOURCE:

CODEN: JCREEC; ISSN: 0168-3659

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

To construct the strategy to control the renal disposition profiles of protein drugs by chem. modification studies were performed using the perfused rat kidney. Renal disposition processes, i.e., glomerular filtration, tubular reabsorption, and uptake from the vascular side, were quant. detd. by single-pass indicator diln. expts. under filtering and non-filtering conditions. As the first step, the renal disposition characteristics of model protein drugs and macromols. were evaluated. These studies clarified the relationship between physicochem. properties of macromols., such as mol. wt. and elec. charge, and their fate in the kidney in a quant. manner. Based on these findings, an antioxidant enzyme, superoxide dismutase (SOD), selected as a therapeutic agent for various tissue injuries including renal failure mediated by reactive oxygen species, was chem. modified. Conjugation with

macromols., polyethylene glycol and carboxymethyl

dextran, decreased glomerular filtration of SOD. Cationization enabled the enzyme to distribute to the kidney from the capillary side and to be completely reabsorbed by the tubular epithelium after glomerular filtration based on electrostatic interaction. On the other hand, glycosylation with monosaccharides, galactose and mannose, significantly reduced its tubular reabsorption and enhanced its exposure to the luminal surface. Furthermore, the mannosylated deriv. accumulated in the kidney from the vascular side via a mannose-recognition mechanism. Thus, the present study demonstrates that chem. modification is useful for the control of renal disposition characteristics of protein drugs.

9044-05-7D, Carboxymethyl dextran,

conjugates with superoxide dismutase 9054-89-1D, Superoxide dismutase, conjugates with macromols. 25322-68-3D,

Polyethylene glycol, conjugates with superoxide dismutase

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(disposition profiles of, in kidney)

RN 9044-05-7 HCAPLUS

CN Dextran, carboxymethyl ether (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM

CRN 9004-54-0

CMF Unspecified

CCI PMS, MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

CRN 79-14-1 CMF C2 H4 O3

RN 9054-89-1 HCAPLUS

Dismutase, superoxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

25322-68-3 HCAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-hydro-.omega.-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX

 $HO \longrightarrow CH_2 \longrightarrow CH_2 \longrightarrow O \longrightarrow D$ 

L47 ANSWER 17 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:226756 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

120:226756

TITLE:

Targeting delivery of protein drugs by chemical

modification

AUTHOR(S):

Hashida, Mitsuru; Nishikawa, Makiya; Yamashita,

Fumiyoshi; Takakura, Yoshinobu

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Fac. Pharm. Sci., Kyoto Univ., Kyoto, 606-01, Japan

SOURCE:

Drug Dev. Ind. Pharm. (1994), 20(4), 581-90 CODEN: DDIPD8; ISSN: 0363-9045

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

AB In vivo disposition profiles of protein derivs. having various chem. modifications were systematically compared in mice based on the clearance concept. Proteins such as bovine .gamma.-globulin (IgG), bovine serum albumin (BSA), superoxide dismutase (SOD), soybean trypsin inhibitor (STI), and chicken egg white lysozyme (LZM) were (1) conjugated and polyethylene glycol (PEG) and dextran to increase mol. size, (2) conjugated with carboxymethyldextran (CMD) and diethylaminoethyl-dextran (DEAED) or coupled with diaminohexane or succinic acid to introduce elec. charges, and (3) modified with galactose (Gal) and mannose (Man) moieties to bestow an affinity for receptor-mediated endocytosis in cells. applying these modifications, in vivo disposition features of proteins were extensively changed; i.e., in the case of SOD, conjugation with CMD and PEG prolonged its circulation half-life more than 100 times but cationized SOD showed remarkable accumulation on the surface of the liver tissue. In addn., specific targeting to the parenchymal cells of the liver was demonstrated in Gal-SOD, while, Man-SOD and succinylated SOD showed rapid uptake by the nonparenchymal cells. These results revealed the utility of chem. modification for controlling in vivo disposition of proteins.

9001-63-2, Lysozyme 9054-89-1, Superoxide dismutase ΙT 9078-38-0, Soybean trypsin inhibitor

RL: PROC (Process)

(chem. modification of, for targeting delivery)

RN 9001-63-2 HCAPLUS

CN Lysózyme (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

RN 9054-89-1 HCAPLUS

CN Dismutase, superoxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

RN 9078-38-0 HCAPLUS

CN Trypsin inhibitor, soybean (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

IT 25322-68-3, Polyethylene glycol

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(protein drugs modified by, for targeting delivery)

RN 25322-68-3 HCAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-hydro-.omega.-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 59-23-4, Galactose, reactions 110-15-6, Succinic acid,

reactions 124-09-4, Diaminohexane, reactions 3458-28-4

, D-Mannose 9004-54-0, Dextran, reactions 9015-73-0,

Diethylaminoethyl-dextran 9044-05-7, Carboxymethyl-dextran

RL: RCT (Reactant)

(protein drugs modified by, for targeting delivery)

RN 59-23-4 HCAPLUS

CN D-Galactose (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

RN 110-15-6 HCAPLUS

CN Butanedioic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO2C-CH2-CH2-CO2H

RN 124-09-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Hexanediamine (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

H2N- (CH2)6-NH2

RN 3458-28-4 HCAPLUS

CN D-Mannose (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

RN 9004-54-0 HCAPLUS

CN Dextran (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

RN 9015-73-0 HCAPLUS

CN Dextran, 2-(diethylamino)ethyl ether (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 9004-54-0 CMF Unspecified CCI PMS, MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

CM 2

CRN 100-37-8 CMF C6 H15 N O

Et2N-CH2-CH2-OH

RN 9044-05-7 HCAPLUS

CN Dextran, carboxymethyl ether (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 9004-54-0 CMF Unspecified CCI PMS, MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

CM 2

CRN 79-14-1 CMF C2 H4 O3

HO\_[CH3\_OH

L47 ANSWER 18 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:186083 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:186083

TITLE: Functional changes of lysozyme by conjugating

with carboxymethyl dextran

AUTHOR(S): Hattori, Makoto; Imamura, Shigeo; Nagasawa, Koichi;

Takahashi, Koji

Fac. Agric., Tokyo Univ. Agric. Technol., Tokyo, 183, CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE: Biosci., Biotechnol., Biochem. (1994), 58(1), 174-7

CODEN: BBBIEJ; ISSN: 0916-8451

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal English

LANGUAGE: Hen egg lysozyme-carboxymethyl dextran (HEL-

CMD) conjugate was prepd. by using water-sol.

carbodiimide as a model protein-acidic polysaccharide

conjugate for improving the protein function. An acid-amide bond between HEL and CMD was confirmed by SDS-PAGE, isoelec. focusing

and IR spectra. The molar ratio of CMD to HEL in the conjugate was 1:1. The isoelec. point of the conjugate

was 5.5-6.0, which is much lower than that of HEL. Spectroscopic studies suggested that the conformation around the Trp residue had not changed but the .alpha.-helix content had decreased to about 1/3 that for native HEL. The conjugate maintained about 60% of the enzymic activity of native HEL at 40-60 .degree.C, while it was about 1.4 times as active as native HEL at 4 .degree.C and 80 .degree.C. The **conjugate** was more stable to proteolysis than native HEL. The denaturation temp. of the conjugate was about 73 .degree.C, which is almost the same as that of native HEL. However, the enthalpy for denaturation of the conjugate was about 1/3 that of native HEL, which corresponds to the decrease in .alpha.-helix content.

9001-63-2D, Lysozyme, conjugates with carboxymethyl dextran 9044-05-7D,

Carboxymethyl dextran, conjugates with

lysozyme

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(conformation and thermal stability and catalytic properties of)

RN 9001-63-2 HCAPLUS

Lysozyme (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

9044-05-7 HCAPLUS

Dextran, carboxymethyl ether (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

CM1

CRN 9004-54-0 CMF Unspecified CCI PMS, MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

CM 2

CRN 79-14-1 CMF C2 H4 O3

HO\_C\_CH2\_OH

L47 ANSWER 19 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

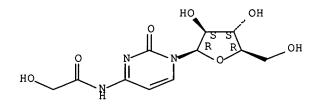
1993:678527 HCAPLUS

119:278527

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TITLE:
                         Synthesis and pharmacokinetics of a new liver-specific
                         carrier, glycosylated carboxymethyl-dextran, and its
                         application to drug targeting
                         Nishikawa, Makiya; Kamijo, Akiko; Fujita, Takuya;
AUTHOR(S):
                         Takakura, Yoshinobu; Sezaki, Hitoshi; Hashida, Mitsuru
                         Fac. Pharm. Sci., Kyoto Univ., Kyoto, 606-01, Japan
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         Pharm. Res. (1993), 10(9), 1253-61
SOURCE:
                         CODEN: PHREEB; ISSN: 0724-8741
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Journal
LANGUAGE:
                         English
    To develop a new carrier system for hepatic targeting,
    carboxymethyl-dextran (CMD) was modified with
    galactose and mannose residues (Gal-CMD, Man-CMD
    ), and their disposition characteristics were studied in mice using
    14C-labeled dextran. At a dose of 1 mg/kg, i.v.-injected Gal-CMD
    and Man-CMD rapidly accumulated in the liver parenchymal and
    nonparenchymal cells, resp., because of their preferential uptake via
    carboxylate receptors in these cells. Pharmacokinetic anal. revealed that
    their uptake rates were sufficiently large for selective drug targeting.
    Targeting of cytosine .beta.-D-arabinoside (araC) was studied using Gal-
    CMD as a sp. carrier to the hepatocytes. From the
    conjugate of araC with Gal-CMD, araC was released with a
    half-life of 36 h in phosphate buffer (pH 7.4) and 23 h in plasma. An in
    vivo biodistribution study demonstrated a disposition profile of the
    conjugated araC similar to that of the carrier, and selective
    delivery to hepatocytes of up to 80% of the dose was achieved.
    findings suggest that glycosylated CMDs are carriers with a high
    affinity to liver parenchymal and nonparenchymal cells without any
    affinity to other tissues.
IT
    9044-05-7, Carboxymethyl dextran
    RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (glycosylation of, for drug targeting to liver)
    9044-05-7 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
    Dextran, carboxymethyl ether (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
    CM
         1
    CRN
         9004-54-0
         Unspecified
    CMF
         PMS, MAN
    CCI
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE
    CM
         2
    CRN 79-14-1
    CMF C2 H4 O3
 но_С_Сн2_ОН
    151615-76-8P 151615-77-9P 151615-78-0P
IT
    151615-79-1P
    RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. and pharmacokinetics of, for drug targeting to liver)
    151615-76-8 HCAPLUS
RN
    Dextran, 2-[(1-.beta.-D-arabinofuranosyl-1,2-dihydro-2-oxo-4-
CN
    pyrimidinyl)amino]-2-oxoethyl carboxymethyl ether (9CI)
                                                             (CA INDEX NAME)
```

CRN 171340-32-2 CMF C11 H15 N3 O7 CDES 5:B-D-ARABINO

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 9004-54-0 CMF Unspecified CCI PMS, MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

CM 3

CRN 79-14-1 CMF C2 H4 O3

RN 151615-77-9 HCAPLUS

CN Dextran, 2-[(1-.beta.-D-arabinofuranosyl-1,2-dihydro-2-oxo-4-pyrimidinyl)amino]-2-oxoethyl carboxymethyl 2-[[2-[[2-(.beta.-D-galactopyranosylthio)-1-iminoethyl]amino]ethyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl ether (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

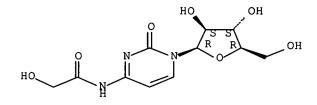
CM 1

CRN 171340-34-4 CMF C12 H23 N3 O7 S CDES 5:B-D-GALACTO

Absolute stereochemistry.

CRN 171340-32-2 CMF C11 H15 N3 O7 CDES 5:B-D-ARABINO

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 3

CRN 9004-54-0 CMF Unspecified CCI PMS, MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

CM 4

CRN 79-14-1 CMF C2 H4 O3

CM 1

CRN 171340-33-3 CMF C12 H23 N3 O7 S CDES 5:A-D-MANNO

Absolute stereochemistry.

CRN 9004-54-0 CMF Unspecified CCI PMS, MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

CM 3

CRN 79-14-1 CMF C2 H4 O3

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RN 151615-79-1 HCAPLUS

CN Dextran, carboxymethyl 2-[[2-[[2-(.beta.-D-galactopyranosylthio)-1-iminoethyl]amino]ethyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl ether (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 171340-34-4 CMF C12 H23 N3 O7 S CDES 5:B-D-GALACTO

Absolute stereochemistry.

CM 2

CRN 9004-54-0 CMF Unspecified CCI PMS, MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

CM 3

CRN 79-14-1 CMF C2 H4 O3

IT 107-15-3, 1,2-Ethanediamine, reactions

RL: RCT (Reactant)

(reaction of, with carboxymethyl dextran)

RN 107-15-3 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2-Ethanediamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

H2N-CH2-CH2-NH2

#### IT 75204-21-6 151530-12-0

RL: RCT (Reactant)

(reaction of, with carboxymethyl dextran ethylenediamine deriv.)

RN 75204-21-6 HCAPLUS

CN Ethanimidic acid, 2-(.beta.-D-galactopyranosylthio)-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 151530-12-0 HCAPLUS

CN D-Mannopyranose, 1-thio- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

IT 147-94-4, Ara-C

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(targeting of, to liver, glycosylated carboxymethyl dextran deriv. for)

RN 147-94-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 4-amino-1-.beta.-D-arabinofuranosyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L47 ANSWER 20 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:116685 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 118:116685

TITLE: Therapeutic effects of superoxide dismutase

derivatives modified with mono- or polysaccharides on

hepatic injury induced by ischemia/reperfusion Fujita, Takuya; Furitsu, Hisao; Nishikawa, Mikiya;

Takakura, Yoshinobu; Sezaki, Hitoshi; Hashida, Mitsuru

Fac. Pharm. Sci., Kyoto Univ., Kyoto, 606-01, Japan CORPORATE SOURCE: Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. (1992), 189(1), 191-6 SOURCE:

CODEN: BBRCA9; ISSN: 0006-291X

Journal DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: English

AUTHOR(S):

AΒ

Therapeutic effects of four types of recombinant superoxide dismutase (SOD) derivs., conjugates with polysaccharides, carboxymethyl (SOD-CMD) and diethylaminoethyl (SOD-DEAED) dextrans and galactosylated (Gal-SOD) and mannosylated (Man-SOD) derivs., on hepatic ischemia/reperfusion injury were studied in rats. Hepatic injury induced by transient occlusion and subsequent reflow of hepatic blood was evaluated by the anal. of biliary excretion of bromosulfophthalein (BSP) injected i.v. At a dose of 1000 units/kg, native SOD and SOD-DEAE had no significant effect and SOD-CMD had a slight effect. On the other hand, Gal-SOD an Man-SOD, targeted to liver parenchymal and

nonparenchymal cells, resp., by a receptor-mediated endocytosis, exhibited superior inhibitory effects. These results demonstrated that these glycosylated SOD derivs. were useful for the prevention of hepatic

ischemia/reperfusion injury.

ΙT 59-23-4D, D-Galactose, superoxide dismutase conjugates 3458-28-4D, D-Mannose, superoxide dismutase conjugates 9015-73-0D, Diethylaminoethyl dextran, superoxide dismutase conjugates 9044-05-7D, Carboxymethyldextran, superoxide dismutase conjugates 9054-89-1D, Superoxide dismutase, polysaccharide derivs.

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BIOL (Biological study)

(antioxidant activity of, in liver injury from ischemia/reperfusion)

RN 59-23-4 HCAPLUS

CN D-Galactose (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

RN 3458-28-4 HCAPLUS

D-Mannose (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

RN 9015-73-0 HCAPLUS

CN Dextran, 2-(diethylamino)ethyl ether (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 9004-54-0

CMF Unspecified

CCI PMS, MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

CM 2

CRN 100-37-8

CMF C6 H15 N O

Et2N-CH2-CH2-OH

RN 9044-05-7 HCAPLUS

CN Dextran, carboxymethyl ether (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 9004-54-0

CMF Unspecified

CCI PMS, MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

CM 2

CRN 79-14-1

CMF C2 H4 O3

но\_С\_сн2\_он

RN 9054-89-1 HCAPLUS

CN Dismutase, superoxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

L47 ANSWER 21 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1993:66727 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

118:66727

TITLE:

Targeted delivery of human recombinant superoxide dismutase by chemical modification with mono- and

polysaccharide derivatives

AUTHOR(S): Fujita, Takuya; Nishikawa, Makiya; Tamaki, Chieko;

Takakura, Yoshinobu; Hashida, Mitsuru; Sezaki, Hitoshi

CORPORATE SOURCE: Fac. Pharm. Sci., Kyoto Univ., Kyoto, 606-01, Japan

SOURCE: J. Pharmacol. Exp. Ther. (1992), 263(3), 971-8

CODEN: JPETAB; ISSN: 0022-3565

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB Four types of superoxide dismutase (SOD) derivs. such as SOD-

carboxymethyl dextran conjugate,

SOD-diethylaminoethyl dextran **conjugate**, galactosylated SOD and mannosylated SOD were synthesized and their potential for selective targeting to organs or cells was evaluated in mice by pharmacokinetic anal. All SOD derivs. retained 50 to 80% for 3 h. After i.v. injection, native SOD was rapidly excreted into urine and no significant accumulation was obsd. in the organs except the kidney. SOD-carboxymethyl

dextran conjugate gave a long plasma half-life because of impaired glomerular filtration and tissue interaction. By contrast,

galactosylated SOD and mannosylated SOD were very rapidly eliminated from the circulation and taken up by parenchymal and nonparenchymal cells of the liver, resp., via receptor-mediated endocytosis. These uptake processes were nonlinear and hepatic uptake clearance decreased as the dose increased, although almost complete extn. was obtained at a dose of 0.1 mg/kg. Furthermore, the accumulation in kidney of both glycosylated SODs was drastically decreased due to reduced renal proximal tubular reabsorption and also enhanced hepatic clearance. SOD-diethylaminoethyl dextran conjugate also rapidly disappeared from plasma and distributed into liver, but its accumulation occurred due to electrostatic interaction and was nonspecific in cellular distribution. These results suggest the possibility of controlling the in vivo fate of SOD at a cellular level by chem. modification utilizing sugar moieties with varied physicochem. and/or biol. characteristics.

IT 9054-89-1, Superoxide dismutase

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(human recombinant, targeted delivery of, by chem. modification with polysaccharides)

RN 9054-89-1 HCAPLUS

CN Dismutase, superoxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

IT 59-23-4DP, Galactose, conjugates with

superoxide dismutase 3458-28-4DP, Mannose, conjugates with superoxide dismutase 9015-73-0DP, Diethylaminoethyl dextran, conjugates with superoxide dismutase 9044-05-7DP,

Carboxymethyl dextran, conjugates with

superoxide dismutase 9054-89-1DP, Superoxide dismutase,

conjugates with polysaccharides

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of, for targeted drug delivery)

RN 59-23-4 HCAPLUS

CN D-Galactose (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

RN 3458-28-4 HCAPLUS

CN D-Mannose (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

RN 9015-73-0 HCAPLUS

CN Dextran, 2-(diethylamino)ethyl ether (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 9004-54-0

CMF Unspecified

CCI PMS, MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

CM 2

CRN 100-37-8 CMF C6 H15 N O

Et2N-CH2-CH2-OH

RN 9044-05-7 HCAPLUS

CN Dextran, carboxymethyl ether (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 9004-54-0

CMF Unspecified

CCI PMS, MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

CM 2

CRN 79-14-1

CMF C2 H4 O3

RN 9054-89-1 HCAPLUS

CN Dismutase, superoxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

L47 ANSWER 22 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:571374 HCAPLUS

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DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         103:171374
TITLE:
                         Carbohydrate-containing derivatives of the
                         trypsin-kallikrein inhibitor aprotinin from bovine
                         organs. II. Inhibitor coupled to the
                         (carboxymethyl)dextran derivatives of D-galactose
AUTHOR(S):
                         Larionova, N. I.; Mityushina, G. V.; Kazanskaya, N.
                         F.; Blidchenko, Yu. A.; Berezin, I. V.
                         Dep. Chem., M. V. Lomonosov Moscow State Univ.,
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         Moscow, 119899, USSR
SOURCE:
                         Biol. Chem. Hoppe-Seyler (1985), 366(8), 743-8
                         CODEN: BCHSEI
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Journal
LANGUAGE:
                         English
     The trypsin-kallikrein inhibitor aprotinin was coupled to 2 (
AB
     carboxymethyl)dextran derivs. of D-galactose;
     the conjugates contained 14 and 38 D-galactose
     residues/mol of protein, resp. The apparent dissocn. consts. Ki of the
     complexes between trypsin and modified aprotinins proved to be one order
     of magnitude higher than the resp. values for native aprotinin. The
     distribution of the modified aprotinins in rat organs after endocardial
     injection was studied. The conjugates of aprotinin with (
     carboxymethyl)dextran derivs. of D-galactose
     were characterized by decreased clearance rates; they accumulated in the
     active form in liver. The accumulation was 2.5-10 times higher than
     native aprotinin for the time of observation (5 min-2 h).
ΙT
     9044-05-7DP, galactose derivs., aprotinin complexes
     9087-70-1DP, complexes with (carboxymethyl)dextran galactose
     derivs.
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. and pharmacokinetics of)
     9044-05-7 HCAPLUS
RN
     Dextran, carboxymethyl ether (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
     CM
          1
     CRN
         9004-54-0
     CMF
          Unspecified
     CCI
         PMS, MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE
     CM
          2
     CRN
         79-14-1
     CMF C2 H4 O3
 но_с_сн2_он
RN
     9087-70-1 HCAPLUS
     Trypsin inhibitor, pancreatic basic (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE
     98913-51-ODP, reaction products with lactose
ΙT
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. and reaction with lactose)
    98913-51-0 HCAPLUS
RN
     Dextran, 2-[(4-aminobutyl)amino]-2-oxoethyl ether (9CI)
                                                               (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
```

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CM
          1
     CRN 171263-10-8
     CMF C6 H14 N2 O2
                  -СН2-ОН
     CM
          2
    CRN
         9004-54-0
     CMF
          Unspecified
         PMS, MAN
    CCI
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE
ΙT
    98913-51-0P
    RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. and redn. of)
     98913-51-0 HCAPLUS
RN
    Dextran, 2-[(4-aminobutyl)amino]-2-oxoethyl ether (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
    CM
          1
    CRN 171263-10-8
    CMF C6 H14 N2 O2
 H2N- (CH2)4-NH-
    CM
          2
    CRN
          9004-54-0
    CMF
          Unspecified
    CCI
          PMS, MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE
ΙT
    110-60-1
    RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (reaction of, with (carboxymethyl)dextran and carbodiimide)
    110-60-1 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
    1,4-Butanediamine (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
H2N- (CH2)4-NH2
ΙT
     63-42-3
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (reaction of, with butylamino(carboxymethyl)dextran)
RN
     63-42-3 HCAPLUS
     D-Glucose, 4-O-.beta.-D-galactopyranosyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
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Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

IT 9044-05-7

RL: RCT (Reactant)

(reaction of, with diaminobutane and carbodiimide)

RN 9044-05-7 HCAPLUS

CN Dextran, carboxymethyl ether (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 9004-54-0

CMF Unspecified

CCI PMS, MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

CM 2

CRN 79-14-1

CMF C2 H4 O3